

MEXICANS HELP THE AMERICANS.

Washington Satisfied Carranza Fulfilling His Promise.

Report of Col. Cano's Defection is Not Believed.

Pershing Wires He is Getting Supplies "Off Country."

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Evidence of co-operation by Carranza troops with the American forces hunting Villa, apparently disposing finally of rumors that Col. Cano and his command had deserted to Villa, came to the War Department late today from Gen. Pershing. He reported an engagement on March 29, presumably near Guerrero, between Cano's troops and one of the bands into which Col. Dodd scattered the main Villa force.

As this clash, in which Manuel Bono, leader of the outlaws, is said to have been killed, occurred on the same day that Col. Dodd struck the Villa army, officials were convinced that the Carranza columns were actively co-operating with the Americans.

"This seems to dispose finally of the rumor of disloyalty on the part of Col. Cano," Secretary Baker said in a formal statement. Previous reports had caused officials to doubt Cano's loyalty, and Gen. Pershing's dispatch was received with great satisfaction.

The fact that three days elapsed after the forty-eight-hour-old report of Col. Dodd's engagement before news came of the Cano fight, renewed hopes that important subsequent events have not yet been reported to headquarters.

SUPPLIES OBTAINED.

That some supplies and forage for the cavalry, even if of poor quality, were being obtained "off the country" by Gen. Pershing's forces, was another encouraging feature of the latest report. The general said corn of inferior quality was plentiful and that beef cattle in sufficient quantity had been secured.

State Department officials denied during the day a report that inquiry had been made of Gen. Carranza regarding troop movements in Northern Mexico. Neither the State nor the Navy Department had disquieting information of any kind.

The American Consul at Monterey advised the State Department that excitement there following the Columbus massacre and entrance of American troops into Mexico had completely subsided. Friendly relations between the United States and the Mexican government, the dispatch said, were well understood by officials and the native population in that vicinity and Americans were receiving consideration.

Navy Department dispatches reported all quiet on both east and west Mexican coasts.

MAT SELL MUNITIONS.

Rumors that the Washington government would object to sales of munitions by foreign countries to the de facto authorities were formally denied at the State Department today. It was pointed out that the United States was selling such supplies to Carranza and would not be in a position to object to similar action by another nation.

Henry P. Fletcher, newly-appointed American Ambassador to Mexico, conferred for a short time today with Secretary Lansing, but deferred extensive discussion of his duties. No definite date for his departure for Mexico has been set.

There were no developments here toward use of the Mexican railways for shipments of supplies to Gen. Pershing. It was expected that cars with such supplies tendered for transportation by Gen. Pershing would be ready tomorrow. Secretary Lansing said no response had been made to the Carranza government regarding amendments to the proposed protocol suggested by Gen. Carranza.

An indication of progress of the de facto government toward re-establishing its fiscal affairs was found in the presence here of a Carranza special representative seeking information from Director Rabin of the Bureau of Printing and Engraving for establishing such a plant in Mexico. Heretofore the de facto government has been purchasing its stamps and currency from private engravers.

WHAT WILL WE DO WITH VILLA CAPTIVES.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

COLUMBUS (N. M.) April 3.—Much speculation was expressed among military authorities here today as to the disposition of the Villa prisoners who are to be interned here.

It is generally believed that most of them will be turned over to the civil authorities for trial for murder, burglary and arson. Military men here point out that since a state of war does not exist, civilians cannot be tried by a military court.

While no orders have been received at military headquarters indicating the plans of the War Department for the disposition of Villa, should he be captured, it has been suggested that he might be turned over to the de facto government. On the other hand it is said that the bandit chieftain and all of his followers may be taken to the county seat at Deming for trial, as were the Villistas captured on the morning of the raid upon Columbus.

Raid Victim.

BAKERSFIELD MAN KILLED BY ORDER OF VILLA.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

BAKERSFIELD, April 3.—Donald McGregor, a newspaper man employed on the Bakersfield Californian, was executed by the outlaw, last week, in his raids on mining camps near Minaca, according to a report received here today. He was representing a news agency in Chihuahua and his name is given in a list of five killed by order of the bandit.

McGregor came to Bakersfield in the latter part of 1909 and was a re-

TWO CRIPPLED SHIPS PICKED UP AT SEA.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—The schooner Hugh Hogan, sixty-one days out from Shanghai, China, for Seattle, Wash., was towed today to a point outside the Golden Gate by the coaster Bear, where she was picked up by the tug Fearless and towed into port tonight. The disabled windjammer was leaking slightly and was without adequate steering gear.

The Bear picked up the Hugh Hogan off Point Reyes, thirty-five miles north of San Francisco, early today. The schooner ran into a storm February 2 and damaged her rudder.

The Hugh Hogan brought 200 tons of general cargo and five passengers. A broken intermediate shaft, is proceeding to San Francisco in tow of the steamer Manoa, according to a wireless message received today. The Enterprise was bound from Hilo, T. H., to San Francisco.

The Manoa reported her position 440 miles off San Francisco, when the Enterprise was picked up. The Manoa is bound here.

Both vessels are owned by the Matson Navigation Company of San Francisco. The Enterprise has a net tonnage of 1651 tons.

ORDER IS RESTORED ON FO-KIEN BORDER.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

AMOI (China) April 3.—Dispatches received here from Fu Chow state that troops have arrived at Chaoan on the border between the provinces of Fo-Kien and Kwang-Tung, north of Swatow, and have re-established order there.

LIEUT. MORT GUILTY OF RAIDING MEXICO.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

SAN ANTONIO (Tex.) April 3.—Lieut. John E. Mort, who was tried by court-martial on charges arising from his leading a detachment of soldiers across the Rio Grande near Brownsville to recover two soldiers detained by Mexicans, has been found guilty and sentenced to be reprimanded. A full announcement today by Gen. Funston.

VILLA IS LOCATED AT SANTA BARBARA.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

DOUGLAS (Ariz.) April 3.—Francisco Villa and a small body of his men are in the vicinity of Santa Barbara, Chihuahua, southwest of Pinal and but a few miles from Douglas, leading into the Baburipa district of Sonora, according to reports brought to Agua Prieta today by passengers arriving from Nacozari. The same story in the form of a rumor reached American army circles here and caused much speculation.

Not a great deal of credence was given the rumor on this side of the line, although it is known that Gen. Arzobispo Gomez, commander of the Mexican forces in Eastern Sonora, sent additional troops today to Colonia Morelos, sixty-five miles southwest of Agua Prieta, with instructions to prevent Villa from entering Sonora through any of the mountain passes.

PETROGRAD REPORT OF WAR OPERATIONS.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

PETROGRAD (via London) April 3, 11:23 p.m.—The Russian War Office communication issued today says: "After ninety minutes preparation by guns of heavy and light artillery, the Germans attacked the bridgehead at Ikskull, but were repulsed. In the region of Dvinsk and south of it there have been artillery duels. There has been great activity by the enemy artillery in the Polesie region."

"During the German offensive described yesterday in the region north of Baranovitchi station, the Russian army repulsed the attack. In the region of Liakovitchi, Sunday morning, a considerable body of Germans, having crossed the Zhetuk River, launched an attack on our posts but were repulsed."

"There has been great activity by the enemy aviation in the Polesie region. The floods continue."

"Caucasus front: In the course of our offensive we passed the water-line of the Upper Chokurik River, taking prisoner a company of Turks. In the course of the pursuit of the enemy in the region of the Sourkharik convent, we captured a Turkish camp with tents and shelters and a store of arms. Southeast of Mush, in the region of the village of Mahboukh, our detachments dispersed parties of Turkish cavalry."

Confidence.

AMERICANS RETURNING TO NACAZARI DISTRICT.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

DOUGLAS (Ariz.) April 3.—Twelve American employees of the Mochitoma Copper Company, most of them the heads of departments, returned to Nacozari today to resume their work where they left it two weeks ago, when summoned to the border following the announcement of President Wilson's decision to send American troops into Mexico to pursue the Villa bandits.

According to company sources about one-quarter of the employees have now returned to Mexico.

Raid Victim.

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VILLA HAS LEAD OF SIXTY MILES.

El Paso Hears the Bandit was Uninjured Two Days Ago.

Route of His Flight Known as "Pancho's Road."

Circumstantial Account of His Maneuvers and Campaign.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

EL PASO (Tex.) April 3.—Francisco Villa, uninjured and accompanied by only eight men, was at Satevo, fifty miles south of Chihuahua City, two days ago, according to information received here today from Mexican sources which have proved usually reliable in the past.

If this information is correct, it bears out previous reports that the bandit chief is headed toward Parral and is leading his American pursuers by at least sixty miles. The nearest point to Satevo which the American troops are known to have reached is San Antonio, sixty miles to the northwest.

It is said that he has been taken by Villa on one of his trips. He is known among the people as "Pancho's Road." From Guerrero it leads across the Continental Divide through the Rincon de la Puente to a broad valley which runs east to San Antonio, Villa's old headquarters, thence south to Santa Ysabel, the scene of Villa's massacre of eighteen American mining men, and then southeast through Satevo to Parral.

The man who brought the story of Villa's arrival at Satevo here gave a circumstantial account of the bandit's maneuvers and plan of campaign. While his story is impossible of verification, his own credibility is vouched for by reputable American business men here who have employed him for several years.

"Villa," he said, "has never taken part in any fighting with either American or Mexican troops. He is the main body of his troops in the Guerrero district with orders to oppose, as far as they could, the American advance. The rest of the bandits were instructed to give information freely to the American officers, always provided that the information was to the advantage of the Americans."

"The story of Villa's being wounded was carefully concocted for the express purpose of misleading the American troops. It was a deliberate attempt to lead them into the mountains and thereby inducing them to split their forces into small detachments which would waste their time in the wild Sierras while Villa was making his way safely southward."

This part of the story is given color by the admission of Gen. Pershing today that his intelligent department has been unable to locate the bandit and that it was becoming more difficult to secure reliable guides.

WHAT HE SAID.

Continuing his story, the man said: "The American officers were fooled at first, but they have a fair knowledge of the real situation now and the advance column is driving southeast with all the speed they can command. Their one chance of catching up with Villa is that they have a good road and should not be handicapped by the big problem of forage and water. The trail from San Antonio to Satevo is a very good one. It is a direct line and the bandit will be unable to resist."

"If they can catch up with Villa before he reaches the Torreon area, they ought to be able to kill or capture him, but if he is able to join forces with Canuto Reyes they will have a difficult time of it."

Mexican officials here and in Juarez refused to discuss the probability of the bandit's escape. They showed no inclination to belittle the story. Gen. Gaviro, the Juarez commander, said he had no direct knowledge of the bandit's movements, but he was again out of commission, due to heavy storms.

CLYDE STRIKE ENDS.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

GLASGOW, April 3.—The strike in the Clyde basin is over and work will be resumed tomorrow.

Confidence.

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Front Door Bolted.

(Continued from First Page.)

ment of Dunkirk by a Zeppelin last night, thirty-one allied aeroplanes dropped on the enemy cantonments at Kemm, Bess, Trest and Houthulst, eighty-three shells of large caliber. Last night one of our squadrons bombed the station at Conflans.

"Today numerous aerial combats were fought with success in the region around Dunkirk. Our bombers brought down four German aeroplanes; other enemy machines took to flight or were forced to land."

Another Tack.

WILSON MAY CHANGE SUBMARINE POLICY.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

SINKING OF SUBSEX MAKES SUCH ACTION NECESSARY.

Circumstantial Evidence Accumulates that this and Other Vessels Were Torpedoed, but No Steps will be Taken Until Germany's Reply is Received.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Accumulation by the State Department of circumstantial evidence indicating that the Sussex and other unarmed merchant ships have been attacked by German submarines probably will make necessary a change in the administration's plan for dealing with the broad question of submarine warfare and the sinking of merchant ships for defensive purposes.

This became known tonight after the State Department had announced the receipt of a dispatch which quoted one of the survivors of the Manchester Engineer disaster as saying that he had seen the periscopes of a submarine.

Other dispatches received during the day brought the information that a number of affidavits from survivors of the Sussex were being forwarded by Ambassador Sharpe at Paris and that the Admiralty announced today that there were numerous fires and violent explosions. A battery near Newcastle was silenced. All the Zeppelins returned safely.

The statement follows: "For the third time a German airship squadron attacked the English east coast on the night of April 2-3, this time on the northern part. Explosive and incendiary bombs were dropped on the Firth of Forth and at Newcastle and important shipbuilding works and factories on the Tyne River."

"There were numerous fires and violent explosions with extensive damage. One battery near Newcastle was silenced. All the Zeppelins returned safely."

QUIET IS RESTORED IN CITY OF WINNIPEG.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

WINNIPEG, April 3.—Quiet prevailed here tonight following the rioting of Saturday and Sunday nights in which four soldiers and one civilian were dangerously injured and scores of other persons cut and bruised.

Military authorities took steps to prevent a repetition of the violent scenes brought on by clashes between soldiers and riotous mobs. An agreement was reached whereby the city police hereafter will maintain order among the populace and military authorities among the soldiers.

The war cries of a drunken Indian who tried to rescue a soldier from the hands of the police, and a general riot broke out Sunday evening when soldiers attempted to storm the police station and rescue comrades who had been taken into custody the night previous.

Declaration.

SEIZURE OF OUR MAIL DEFENDED BY THE ALLIES.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The government of the entente allies, through Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador here, presented today to the protest made by the United States against the seizure, detention and censoring of neutral mails. It declared that no legitimate letter mail had been confiscated nor any treaty rights violated, but emphatically asserted the allies' intention to continue searching parcel post packages for contraband "concealed under postal fold."

In regard to "true correspondence," the note said that the allies would continue to refrain from seizing and confiscating at sea these correspondences, letters and telegrams, and that they will insure the most rapid transition of them possible, as soon as the genuineness of their character is known."

AMERICAN PROTEST.

The vigorous protest of the United States against the treatment of neutral mails was based largely on evidence in the possession of the State Department that while mails had always been searched at sea, neutral ships upon being taken into British ports for inspection had their mails interfered with. The reply does not mention this phase of the controversy. The protest was in the form of a memorandum of instructions to Ambassador Page at London. It stated specifically that the American government was inclined to consider that parcel post shipments were subject to the same treatment accorded goods sent by freight or express.

In regard to parcel post shipments, the communication says "merchandise shipped under the shape of parcel post mail is a way of shipping and transportation similar to shipping and transportation by means of shipping bills or bills of lading, and the difference between the two is a matter of degree, not of principle. The difference is that the latter is subject to postal service."

"Such parcels can under no considerations be considered as 'letters' or 'true correspondence,' and it is clear that nothing can save them from the exercise of the rights of postal control, visit, and eventual seizure which belong to the belligerents in the high seas in regard to all cargoes."

Among other numerous examples it will be sufficient to quote 1202 parcel post packages containing together 437,510 kilograms of rubber for Hamburg (steamers Tjucas, Bahia, Jaguar, Marahoa, Acre, Linda, Para and Brazil), or again, sixty-nine parcels containing 460 revolvers for Germany via Amsterdam (steamer Gelria).

NET TIGHTENS UPON VERDUN.

(BY ATLANTIC CABLE AND A. P.)

BERLIN, April 3 (via London).—All the French positions north of Forges Brook, between Hancourt and Bethincourt, west of the Meuse in the region northwest of Verdun, are in German hands, the War Office announced today.

The text of the statement is as follows: "Western theater: On the left bank of the Meuse all the enemy's positions north of the Brook of Forges between Hancourt and Bethincourt are in our hands."

"Southwest and south of Forges Douaumont our troops engaged in battle with troops holding the French trenches and points of support. Airship movements, army and naval airships during the night attacked docks at London and other important military points on the English east coast also Dunkirk."

"Bombs were dropped by squadrons of German aeroplanes on the railway stations of Fordeley and Hordels on the line to Minsk (Russian front) and on the camp at Ostrowki, south of Warsaw, and on the railway station at Minsk, by one of our airships."

SCOTLAND RAIDED.

Edinburgh and Leith, dock establishments on the Firth of Forth and important shipbuilding works on the Tyne were attacked in last night's Zeppelin raid over England and Scotland. The Admiralty announced today that there were numerous fires and violent explosions. A battery near Newcastle was silenced. All the Zeppelins returned safely.

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Germans Hold All Positions North of Forges Brook.

Trenches West of the Meuse are Also Captured.

Air Raids Over London and Dunkirk a Success.

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SERIOUS FOOD RIOTS OCCUR AT TORREON.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

LAREDO (Tex.) April 3.—Serious food riots, in which at least 1000 women and children participated, occurred in Torreon on March 28, according to passengers arriving here today. Crowds rushed through the streets crying for corn in the Lord's name. The riot was only obtainable by a manifestation of charity through the distribution of 10,000,000 Belgian flags in return for an offering for the destitute of Belgium. I express my grateful appreciation to the Daughters of the American Revolution for this attention which shows once more the generous and delicate feeling of American women."

"To all who will wear the Belgian flag on April 8 and 9, I send, in the name of the Belgian mothers, my heartfelt thanks."

(Signed) "ELIZABETH."

RAILROAD REVENUE CONTINUES TO GROW.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Prosperity of railroads throughout the country continues without abatement, according to preliminary reports for February, made public today by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Returns from ninety-six large roads show their net revenue increased from \$25,000,000 in February, 1915, to \$38,000,000 for February, 1916, more than 50 per cent.

The greatest increase was in the eastern district and amounted to nearly 90 per cent; the southern district showed an increase of approximately 40 per cent, and the western district showed a 16 per cent. increase by an increase of more than 35 per cent.

As an Aid to Digestion.

When you feel dull and your meals, frequently heavy, take one of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Obtainable everywhere.

REMEMBER THE HAYNES

Motor with cylinders 3 1/2 x 5 will develop more power than any other motor of any make of equal bore and stroke. The new series motor has aluminum pistons.

Profit by our twenty-three years' successful experience.

And Be Over Two Years Ahead

Bekins-Speers Motor Co.

Pico at Grand Avenue

Broadway 90 A4223

Elections in Chicago

(Continued from First Page.)

Thompson declared his political enemies were using Dr. Becker's death as campaign material.

On the Democratic side the fight is between supporters of Roger C. Sullivan and former Mayor Carter H. Harrison.

THE WISCONSIN CAMPAIGN.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

MILWAUKEE, April 3.—The most vigorous election campaign in Milwaukee in years closed tonight with a big meeting of nonpartisans at the Auditorium, while the social Democrats held a series of meetings in all sections of the city.

Mayor Bading, who was nominated on the nonpartisan ticket two weeks ago at the primary election, is opposed in tomorrow's election by Daniel H. Hoan, the present City Auditor, candidate of the Social Democrats. A Board of Aldermen and County Board of Supervision also are to be elected and five-bond issues are to be voted on.

Pure drinking water has been the main issue of the campaign. The Mayor has charged the opposition with blocking the issuance of sewerage bonds and delaying work on the proposed plant for treatment of the sewage, while the Social Democrats favor municipal ownership of public utilities.

The betting on the result in Milwaukee slightly favors the nonpartisan ticket. Added interest in tomorrow's election is the contest throughout the State for delegates to the Republican National Convention. Five corners contest for a justiceship of the Supreme Court. The Republican faction headed by United States Senator La Follette and Gov. Philip have complete tickets in the field for national convention delegations and both factions are confident of success.

There is but one contest for delegates to the Democratic National Convention being the selection of four delegates at large out of a list of five recommended for election. Over a hundred towns in the State will vote on the "wet" and "dry" proposition.

DEMOCRATIC WAR COUNCIL.

(BY A. P. DAY WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Roland Morris, chairman of the Pennsylvania Democratic Committee, today called a conference of the chairmen of all Democratic State committees here April 13, to discuss plans for the next campaign. The committee will be here for the Common Council Club for the purpose of discussing the national committee men will be guests.

QUEEN OF BELGIANS THANKS AMERICANS.

(BY A. P. NIGHT WIRE.)

NEW YORK, April 3.—Elizabeth, Queen of the Belgians, has sent a telegram of appreciation to the Daughters of the American Revolution for their appeal to the country to give \$100,000 for Belgian relief next Saturday, the birthday of King Albert. The day will be known as "Belgian Flag Day" and all funds received will go to the Commission for Relief in Belgium.

The cablegram, which was addressed to Mrs. William Cuddeback, secretary-general of the D.A.R., follows: "I am delighted with your idea of commemorating April 8 to aid the United States. Nothing could touch me more than to see the King, my husband's birthday celebrated by a manifestation of charity through the distribution of 10,000,000 Belgian flags in return for an offering for the destitute of Belgium. I express my grateful appreciation to the Daughters of the American Revolution for this attention which shows once more the generous and delicate feeling of American women."

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WASHINGTON, April 3.—Pros

REPUBLICANS IN THE LEAD
Registration Figures Insure an Old-time Victory.
Candidates for Several Northern Counties are Announced.
San Francisco Commissioners do a Little Juggling.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The San Francisco County Election Commission decided today to print the list of United and regular Republican candidates for the Chicago election in single list on May 2 envelope ballot. There were no distinguished captions but the names of the United Republicans were at the top of the list, because of priority of filing.
The commission declined to allow candidates to separate the factions by a blank white space as was done by Secretary of State C. J. Jordan in his certificate of election names.
In favor of such designation, the United Republicans have been opposed it vigorously.

REPUBLICANS LEAD.
Total registration in the city and county of San Francisco for the election of May 2, which closed Saturday night, was 118,316, according to announcement tonight by the county clerk, showing the Republican lead, according to party figures, as follows:
Republicans, 52,717;
Democrats, 19,334;
Prohibitionists, 2,968;
Socialists, 2,968;
Labor, 332;
Union Labor, 809;
Total, 84,972.
ALAMEDA COUNTY FIGURES.
Total registration in Alameda county for the election of May 2, which closed Saturday night, was 11,000, according to announcement tonight by the county clerk, showing the Republican lead, according to party figures, as follows:
Republicans, 5,717;
Democrats, 1,934;
Prohibitionists, 296;
Socialists, 296;
Labor, 33;
Union Labor, 80;
Total, 8,497.

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Socialists, 2,968;
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MEAT PACKERS ON DEFENSIVE.

Are They Violating the Anti-trust Law? is the Issue.

Support, and Opposition to the Borland Measure Voiced.

Breeders Getting Poorer All the Time, Doolittle Says.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Hearings on Representative Borland's resolution to have the Federal Trade Commission suggest whether the meat packers are violating the anti-trust laws were begun today before a House Judiciary Subcommittee.

DEAD ENGINEER BLAMED FOR WRECK.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The Interstate Commerce Commission report on the New Haven wreck near Milford, Ct., February 22, when ten were killed and many injured in a rear-end collision of passenger trains, places the blame on the killed engineer of the local train, which struck a stalled express, because the report says, he failed to regard block signals.

LIEUT. COL. SQUIER IS ORDERED HOME.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Lieut. Col. George O. Squier of the Signal Corps, military attaché at the American Embassy at London, has been ordered to return to duty in the aviation corps. There is an unconfirmed report that he may succeed Col. Samuel Reber, now in charge of the aviation service, who has been involved in charges against the service in Congress and elsewhere.

GOVERNMENT ASKS COURT FOR DELAY.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—With one vacancy on the Supreme Court bench, Justice Day absent from illness, and Justice McReynolds disqualified from participating in cases involving his action as Attorney-General, the government today suggested to the Supreme Court that it postpone until next fall, most of the important government cases coming on for argument this spring.

BANKERS ARE HELD LIABLE FOR DEPOSITS.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Personal property of Charles E. Yates, David E. Thompson and Ellis P. Hamer, directors of the Capital National Bank of Lincoln, Neb., which failed in 1915, was today held by the Supreme Court to be subject to satisfaction of depositors induced to become such by false reports on the bank's condition to the Comptroller of the Currency.

PARTNERSHIP FAILURE RULED ON BY COURT.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The Supreme Court decided today that in the failure of a partnership as such and of the individual members of the partnership as such, the individual creditors of a member have the priority in the distribution of assets over the partnership creditors.

HAITIEN OUTLAWS AND POLICE CLASH.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—A clash between Haitian bandits and police in Northeastern Haiti was reported to the Navy Department today by Admiral Caperton. United States forces were not involved in the fighting. One policeman was killed and three wounded. Admiral Caperton stated, while the outlaws lost several killed and a number captured.

BRANDEIS CASE DELAYED BY SENATE COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Action on the nomination of Louis D. Brandeis to the Supreme Court was postponed today by the Senate Judiciary Committee after it had received reports from all but one of the five Senators on the subcommittee which held hearings. Senator Fletcher, Democrat, made a report merely recommending confirmation. Senator Walsh made a long report, and Senator Chilton, the third Democrat, will submit a report tomorrow. Senators Cummins and Works made reports against confirmation.

Army Bill Amended

(Continued from First Page.)

proposal, but Congressman Hay and the men who will serve with him on this committee, as the Representatives of the House, personally favor it. It will be difficult to secure agreement, as the House conferees will be disposed to accept the Senate provision unless public sentiment against it should be very strong.

THE DEBATE.

Senator Chamberlain charged during the debate that pernicious activity on the part of officers of both the National Guard and the regular army threatened to undo the months of serious work done by the committee, and he threatened that unless the army officers ceased attempting to influence legislation through personal appeal to Senators he would seek to have them disciplined by the War Department. He said officers who appeared before the committee were unwilling to see their plans worked into a homogeneous bill, and as soon as they concluded their testimony began to attempt to influence unfriendly Senators.

"The committee might just as well give up if each officer is going to be able to induce his Senator to withhold his support until the measure embodies all his wishes," Senator Chamberlain said. "I want to express great regret that the National Guard has seen fit to inject itself into the bill of Congress until now it looks as if it were a fight between the regular forces and the National Guard, as to which is to be considered in legislation which affects the whole country."

"I am not going to limit that criticism to the National Guard. I have devoted nearly three months of my time to working just as hard as I know how, and this bill has run the gamut of the department, including the General Staff, the War College and all the other military bodies of the government. We have had the views of the representative men of these organizations and after we have undertaken to formulate a bill which seemed, in the committee, at least, to meet pretty generally the approval of the authorities, we find that not only the National Guard and its officers, but I sometimes fear a lobby is being maintained for that purpose—of officers of the army around the halls of the Senate and House of Representatives are interfering with this legislation through different Senators, instead of leaving the matter to the Representative, who has had it in hand and were responsible."

Senators Martin, Lee of Maryland and Smith and Hardwick of Georgia spoke in opposition to the Federal volunteer plan.

Senator Smith urged his amendment for short enlistments in the regular army with a few ninety-day tours each month devoted to educational instruction. Senator Hardwick wanted to substitute a plan for providing for military instruction in schools and colleges, which he said would insure a reserve of 2,000,000 young men with military training.

Senator Williams urged that the amendments offered by the two Senators from Georgia need not conflict with the volunteer plan, which he advocated. He suggested that each State university should be turned into a branch of the West Point Academy.

Senator Weeks spoke in favor of the Federal volunteer system and praised the bill as the best piece of military legislation ever passed by Congress.

At the close of the day Senator Chamberlain again warned the Senate unless more rapid progress is made in the near future.

PRESIDENT'S TRIP ENDS.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—President and Mrs. Wilson returned early today from their week-end trip down the Potomac and Chesapeake Bay aboard the Mayflower.

TO HONOR SHAKESPEARE.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Nearly 2000 schools and colleges of the country have arranged for a pageant or dramatic performance in commemoration of the 300th anniversary of Shakespeare's death this month, the Federal Bureau of Education announced today.

SUE FOR COAL LANDS.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The Supreme Court today granted the State of New Mexico permission to sue the Secretary of the Interior to compel him to grant title to coal lands in school land grants.

CHALLENGES THE DUPONT.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Senator Underwood from the floor today challenged denial of charges made in a speech in the Senate that the Dupont Powder Company was attempting to develop legislation for a government nitrogen plant.

SUNDAY SEEN WILSON.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Billy Sunday, the evangelist, was received today by President Wilson at the White House.

the soup of the epicure

"Merely heat before serving"

Franco-American Soups

after the recipes of A. Biardot

formerly superintendent of the palace of H.M. King George of Greece.

"Let us give you a taste of our quality"

THE FRANCO-AMERICAN FOOD CO.

Reserve Your Accommodations

The Times Excursion

TO

Imperial Valley

Will Leave Los Angeles, April 14th, and Return, April 17th

TICKET—Which includes Round Trip Transportation, Berth (Three Nights) and All Meals, Is \$15.00

Sightseers or Tourists Should Avail Themselves of This Opportunity to Visit the Richest Garden Spot in the World

The Itinerary Via Southern Pacific R. R.

Leave Los Angeles, Friday, April 14th.	Spend night at El Centro on train.
Arrive Calexico, Saturday, April 15th, 8:00 a.m.	Leave El Centro, Sunday, April 16th, 6:00 a.m.
Leave Calexico, Saturday, April 15th, 11:30 a.m.	Arrive Imperial, Sunday, April 16th, 6:15 a.m.
Arrive Packard, Mex., Saturday, April 15th, 12:00 Noon.	Leave Imperial, Sunday, April 16th, 8:00 a.m.
Barbecue, Long's Ranch.	Arrive Brawley, Sunday, April 16th, 8:15 a.m.
Leave Packard, Mex., Saturday, April 15th, 1:30 p.m.	Breakfast Bungalow Inn.
Arrive Calexico, Saturday, April 15th, 2:00 p.m.	Leave Brawley, Sunday, April 16th, 1:00 p.m.
Leave Calexico, Saturday, April 15th, 2:00 p.m.	Arrive Calipatria, Sunday, April 16th, 1:30 p.m.
Arrive El Centro, Saturday, April 15th, 2:30 p.m.	Lunch.
Visit surrounding territory, including towns of Imperial, Holtville, and Meloland in autos.	Leave Calipatria, Sunday, April 16th, 5:00 p.m.
Dinner at El Centro, Barbara Worth Hotel, 5:00 to 5:30 p.m.	Arrive Niland, Sunday, April 16th, 5:15 p.m.
	Dinner.
	Leave Niland, Sunday, April 16th, 8:00 p.m.
	Arrive Los Angeles, Monday, April 17th, 6:00 a.m.

Barbecue on Long's 10,000-Acre Ranch

Visit this magic land of prosperity, this wonderfully productive section of California, which is now aglow with opportunities and bubbling with industries, enriching its residents with health, wealth and happiness, far beyond their fondest dreams. One of the interesting features of the trip will be a barbecue which will be served on George Long's mammoth ranch.

Another side trip of more than passing notice will be a visit to the ranch home of the author of "The Winning of Barbara Worth" at Meloland, near Holtville.

The price of regular round trip ticket alone, if purchased from the railroad company, is \$16.50—The Times special transportation ticket, which includes berth and meals and special entertainments, is only \$15.00.

The Times Excursion Department

The Times Building—First and Broadway

Main 8200 Telephones Home 10391

Richard Harding DAVIS

has written a brilliant human article "With the Allies in Salonika"

for the April Scribner

All Newsstands

Stewart

321 West Third St. 2nd Floor

\$25 SUITS

THE DAVIS Suits

BELLANS

Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

It Cures Through the Pores

Know-Doc Pore Treatment

Headache, Backache—any pain for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, or ache.

<p> Real Estate and Collectors. Real Estate and Collectors. Real Estate and Collectors. </p>	<p> Classified Liners. Classified Liners. Classified Liners. </p>	<p> THINGS ON WHEELS— THINGS ON WHEELS— THINGS ON WHEELS— </p>	<p> LIVE STOCK FOR SALE— LIVE STOCK FOR SALE— LIVE STOCK FOR SALE— </p>	<p> LOST, FOUND, STRAYED— LOST, FOUND, STRAYED— LOST, FOUND, STRAYED— </p>	<p> Desert Drama. Desert Drama. Desert Drama. </p>	<p> Politics. Politics. Politics. </p>
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FOR SALE—BLACK MALE, 3½ YEARS OLD, weighing 1200 lbs. Price \$100 or will trade for (diamond ring) 00140 or WILGETTES 000, 000 N. VERMONT AVE.

FOR SALE—1500-LB. HORSE, BLOCKY BUILT and good order, with many good teeth, sound, 800 Call 2840 VINEYARD AVE. W. Washington Street at Belmont.

FOR SALE—ONE 3rd CLASS DIAMOND TIRE, SQUEAKER

LOST—AT HOTEL HUNTINGTON, PASADENA, about March 10, 1935, gold watch and brooch. Large reward information leading to recovery; no questions. MRS. SCHUMACHER, Huntington, Pasadena.

LOST—ONE 3rd CLASS DIAMOND TIRE, SQUEAKER

Says we can't help but look better and feel better after an Inside bath.

Jealousy is the reason for the incarceration of F. R. Black, formerly

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

MORTGAGES, TRUST DEEDS
For Sale, Exchange, Wanted.
WILL
Call or write me for details.
I have cash and real estate or notes on my way out.
Call or write me for details.
I have cash and real estate or notes on my way out.

OR SALE—**Miscellaneous.**

new tires good condition. \$10.00 each. Call me mechanically. YED-8697.
electric starter. 1-pumper.
modeler #1. 1-pumper.
made electric welding.
Osgood turning car.
turning car class.
modeler number: wonderfully stuffy.
number: 1450. 1450. 1450. 1450. 1450.
A. J. PETERSON CO., 1450 S. Main.

FOR SALE—**NEW 1918 STUDEBAKER,** only slightly used. A bargain. PHONE 7045.
FOR SALE—**1918 IN PERFECT CONDITION,** run 12,000 miles. This car is best buy for the money. \$425. OWNER. 114 & HANCOCK ST. BEYER TRADING CO., 1450 S. Main.

LIVE STOCK WANTED:

WANTED: TO BUY FOR CASH.

arising a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of Limestone phosphate per day will do more for you than any other remedy.

"As a result of this we quarreled. Instead of going to the hospital, she went home, and in her rage, I presume told of the disappearance of the cow to the local Cattlemen's Association, which secured the complaint, knowing none of the real facts."

Chairman W. M. Bowen announced that all Republican organizations in the county look upon the Central Committee as the parent body and are anxious and willing to work with it.

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ALL-PAINT REPAIRS, RESTAURANTS,
 Commercial, school, home,
 wall cases, electric fans, refrigerators,
 office chairs. Painting, plastering,
 electrical, stoves, etc., for landscape
 and lawn work.
 1911-1912-1914.
 See list in price considering
 your business.
WINE CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION,
 1000-1001 Broadway, New York
 City. **WINE HOUSE-KNIGHTS OF DEMON-**
STRATION.
1911-1912-1914.
See list in price considering
your business.
WINE HOUSE-KNIGHTS OF DEMON-
STRATION.
1911-1912-1914.
See list in price considering
your business.

W. T. WILSON, Coast Distribution, agents, 214 S. Los Angeles st.

1900-1901 models, wire wheels, Silverton, quantities at very low prices. Write to buy high grade auto at lowest prices. COTTONVILLE CO., 1202 S. Broadway Bldg.

AMPUTED REAL ESTATE ADVERTISING—The Southern Trust must be received before Classified "Want Ads." are mailed under 11 p.m. Saturdays.

WANTED—TENTS that are TENTS. Write for particulars. Address: J. H. BROWN, 1000-1001, Pacific Electric Car Co. Bldg., Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—INTERNATIONAL DELIVERY TRUCK, 3000 pound capacity. BOX 299, SAN DIMAS, CALIF. Write for particulars. \$1500.00.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING; PRACTICAL STYLIST; SEWING. Write for particulars. \$1500.00.

MINING—Word was received here last night from Sacramento that 24,000 shares of the California Petroleum Co. had been sold to the California Petroleum Co. at \$1.00 per share. The word was received here last night from Sacramento that 24,000 shares of the California Petroleum Co. had been sold to the California Petroleum Co. at \$1.00 per share. The word was received here last night from Sacramento that 24,000 shares of the California Petroleum Co. had been sold to the California Petroleum Co. at \$1.00 per share.

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THE "CALFORMAN"
 Another fast train
 for Kansas City and
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MODEL— And Modelmakers.
NEW 1918, SETTLER STUDEBAKER and Oakland cars, 5 and 7-passenger, \$1.50 hour and up; short trip, \$1.25. 2404 N. Broadway 5610.
FOR RENT—NEW SPARE-ENGINE DOOR, DRIVEN by owner, prompt and reliable; raises Vauxsboro SOUTH 4280.
IT IS 15-16 INCH, NEW FIVE-PASSENGER car, 1918, 1917, 1916, 1915, 1914, 1913, 1912, 1911, 1910, 1909, 1908, 1907, 1906, 1905, 1904, 1903, 1902, 1901, 1900, 1899, 1898, 1897, 1896, 1895, 1894, 1893, 1892, 1891, 1890, 1889, 1888, 1887, 1886, 1885, 1884, 1883, 1882, 1881, 1880, 1879, 1878, 1877, 1876, 1875, 1874, 1873, 1872, 1871, 1870, 1869, 1868, 1867, 1866, 1865, 1864, 1863, 1862, 1861, 1860, 1859, 1858, 1857, 1856, 1855, 1854, 1853, 1852, 1851, 1850, 1849, 1848, 1847, 1846, 1845, 1844, 1843, 1842, 1841, 1840, 1839, 1838, 1837, 1836, 1835, 1834, 1833, 1832, 1831, 1830, 1829, 1828, 1827, 1826, 1825, 1824, 1823, 1822, 1821, 1820, 1819, 1818, 1817, 1816, 1815, 1814, 1813, 1812, 1811, 1810, 1809, 1808, 1807, 1806, 1805, 1804, 1803, 1802, 1801, 1800, 1799, 1798, 1797, 1796, 1795, 1794, 1793, 1792, 1791, 1790, 1789, 1788, 1787, 1786, 1785, 1784, 1783, 1782, 1781, 1780, 1779, 1778, 1777, 1776, 1775, 1774, 1773, 1772, 1771, 1770, 1769, 1768, 1767, 1766, 1765, 1764, 1763, 1762, 1761, 1760, 1759, 1758, 1757, 1756, 1755, 1754, 1753, 1752, 1751, 1750, 1749, 1748, 1747, 1746, 1745, 1744, 1743, 1742, 1741, 1740, 1739, 1738, 1737, 1736, 1735, 1734, 1733, 1732, 1731, 1730, 1729, 1728, 1727, 1726, 1725, 1724, 1723, 1722, 1721, 1720, 1719, 1718, 1717, 1716, 1715, 1714, 1713, 1712, 1711, 1710, 1709, 1708, 1707, 1706, 1705, 1704, 1703, 1702, 1701, 1700, 1699, 1698, 1697, 1696, 1695, 1694, 1693, 1692, 1691, 1690, 1689, 1688, 1687, 1686, 1685, 1684, 1683, 1682, 1681, 1680, 1679, 1678, 1677, 1676, 1675, 1674, 1673, 1672, 1671, 1670, 1669, 1668, 1667, 1666, 1665, 1664, 1663, 1662, 1661, 1660, 1659, 1658, 1657, 1656, 1655, 1654, 1653, 1652, 1651, 1650, 1649, 1648, 1647, 1646, 1645, 1644, 1643, 1642, 1641, 1640, 1639, 1638, 1637, 1636, 1635, 1634, 1633, 1632, 1631, 1630, 1629, 1628, 1627, 1626, 1625, 1624, 1623, 1622, 1621, 1620, 1619, 1618, 1617, 1616, 1615, 1614, 1613, 1612, 1611, 1610, 1609, 1608, 1607, 1606, 1605, 1604, 1603, 1602, 1601, 1600, 1599, 1598, 1597, 1596, 1595, 1594, 1593, 1592, 1591, 1590, 1589, 1588, 1587, 1586, 1585, 1584, 1583, 1582, 1581, 1580, 1579, 1578, 1577, 1576, 1575, 1574, 1573, 1572, 1571, 1570, 1569, 1568, 1567, 1566, 1565, 1564, 1563, 1562, 1561, 1560, 1559, 1558, 1557, 1556, 1555, 1554, 1553, 1552, 1551, 1550, 1549, 1548, 1547, 1546, 1545, 1544, 1543, 1542, 1541, 1540, 1539, 1538, 1537, 1536, 1535, 1534, 1533, 1532, 1531, 1530, 1529, 1528, 1527, 1526, 1525, 1524, 1523, 1522, 1521, 1520, 1519, 1518, 1517, 1516, 1515, 1514, 1513, 1512, 1511, 1510, 1509, 1508, 1507, 1506, 1505, 1504, 1503, 1502, 1501, 1500, 1499, 1498, 1497, 1496, 1495, 1494, 1493, 1492, 1491, 1490, 1489, 1488, 1487, 1486, 1485, 1484, 1483, 1482, 1481, 1480, 1479, 1478, 1477, 1476, 1475, 1474, 1473, 1472, 1471, 1470, 1469, 1468, 1467, 1466, 1465, 1464, 1463, 1462, 1461, 1460, 1459, 1458, 1457, 1456, 1455, 1454, 1453, 1452, 1451, 1450, 1449, 1448, 1447, 1446, 1445, 1444, 1443, 1442, 1441, 1440, 1439, 1438, 1437, 1436, 1435, 1434, 1433, 1432, 1431, 1430, 1429, 1428, 1427, 1426, 1425, 1424, 1423, 1422, 1421, 1420, 1419, 1418, 1417, 1416, 1415, 1414, 1413, 1412, 1411, 1410, 1409, 1408, 1407, 1406, 1405, 1404, 1403, 1402, 1401, 1400, 1399, 1398, 1397, 1396, 1395, 1394, 1393, 1392, 1391, 1390, 1389, 1388, 1387, 1386, 1385, 1384, 1383, 1382, 1381, 1380, 1379, 1378, 1377, 1376, 1375, 1374, 1373, 1372, 1371, 1370, 1369, 1368, 1367, 1366, 1365, 1364, 1363, 1362, 1361, 1360, 1359, 1358, 1357, 1356, 1355, 1354, 1353, 1352, 1351, 1350, 1349, 1348, 1347, 1346, 1345, 1344, 1343, 1342, 1341, 1340, 1339, 1338, 1337, 1336, 1335, 1334, 1333, 1332, 1331, 1330, 1329, 1328, 1327, 1326, 1325, 1324, 1323, 1322, 1321, 1320, 1319, 1318, 1317, 1316, 1315, 1314, 1313, 1312, 1311, 1310, 1309, 1308, 1307, 1306, 1305, 1304, 1303, 1302, 1301, 1300, 1299, 1298, 1297, 1296, 1295, 1294, 1293, 1292, 1291, 1290, 1289, 1288, 1287, 1286, 1285, 1284, 1283, 1282, 1281, 1280, 1279, 1278, 1277, 1276, 1275, 1274, 1273, 1272, 1271, 1270, 1269, 1268, 1267, 1266, 12

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FOR SALE—YOUNG TEAM, 4 AND 6! ALSO FRESH
SUTTER and a Paintbox, cheap. 1907 N.
WILTON PLACE.

OLIVE ST. PHONE MAIN 6147.

A. J. PARKINSON, B.L.R.C. & MECH. ENGINEER.
Paint drawings and application papers. 708 E.
SPRING ST., ROOM 200.

DIAMOND BRANK FILLS, 15c per box.
Keeps you cool, clear, calm. Always reliable.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

The chairman receives a salary of
\$7300 and each of the other members
\$6000.

one way for America to be a peace-
ful democracy and that is to be an
adequately-armed democracy.

be so much interest to attorneys and
litigants of this county, which holds
the record for the number of cases
on its court calendars.

MARRIAGE LICENSES. The following marriage licenses were issued today:—THOMAS J. TIGHE, 281 West...

THE TIMES LOS ANGELES

TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1916.—EDITORIAL SECTION. POPULATION By the Federal Census (1910)—218,139 By the City Directory (1915)—221,139

Beloved. SOFTLY TO REST IN THE OLD SOD. Higgins Dies at Ancestral Home in Ireland. Newque Member of Noted Local Family Taken. Brilliant Scholar, Athlete and Social Favorite.

THOMAS HIGGINS SERIOUSLY SICK. Aged Founder of Great Estate is Confined to His Bed; Directs Business. Thomas Higgins, founder of the great Higgins estate, is confined to his bed at his home, No. 1199 Magnolia street. His condition is so serious that only immediate friends are admitted to the sick room. Notwithstanding his illness, the copper magnate still personally oversees his big interests.

Mr. Higgins is 72 years of age and has resided in this city for more than fifty years. He has taken an active part in nearly every permanent improvement for the city's betterment. He continually keeps ten boys in college, sustains many hospital rooms and cares for the needy widows and children of his former employees. In addition to active church and organized charities. He pays the third largest tax assessment in the State, this item alone being over \$30,000 annually, in addition to taxes in other States. He is unmarried.

and brought him a bride. A child was born here but the young people later returned to the old country, where Mr. Higgins became a leading member of the bar at Dublin. He was defeated at the last election for the House of Commons and later was stricken by ill health. He contracted consumption and within a few months grew so ill that his friends wrote he could not recover. On March 17, he died. While not altogether unexpected, the news came as a shock to his Los Angeles friends. He had one brother, John Higgins of Texas, and one sister, Margaret Newman of San Diego, in this country.

A few years ago the Higgins estate was incorporated, Thomas Higgins, the president, giving stock in the corporation to those nephews and nieces who have lived here with him. The son of his namesake, who has just died, and the widow are taken care of by the arrangement.

Tom Higgins. Noted athlete, student and lawyer, who is dead at Dublin, Ireland.

Anticlimax. WANTS PRESENTS BACK. Once Contemplated Marriage in Not Consummated, So Man and Woman Ask Court to Restore Many Gifts—Latter Winner in Final Round.

Both he and she wanted pre-nuptial presents back. Mrs. Esther Steele Farnsworth asked for \$110 which she alleged she had given H. L. R. Miller as a loan. The latter asked for \$145 of gifts, including shoes, jewelry, trinkets, a sewing machine, silk skirt and \$40 for an automobile ride. The matter was in court yesterday.

Mrs. Farnsworth declared she had not made a present of the money, but had merely loaned it to Mr. Miller for the purpose of buying an automobile. She admitted she had intended marrying him, until John Farnsworth, her present husband, happened along and after a brief courtship they eloped.

Here was the original suit, filed through Attorneys Rosencrans and Breslin. Mr. Miller came back with the cross-complaint and one of his items was a charge for auto hire at \$2.50 an hour, totaling \$40, which stands for a trip from Los Angeles to Ventura, the former home of the girl.

Justice Summerfield, who presided over the trial in which the matter was discussed pro and con at great length, decided Mrs. Farnsworth should have at least \$95 back, and gave her judgment for that amount.

CHARGES DISMISSED. J. W. Russell and C. H. Crittison were released from the City Jail yesterday, and all charges against them in connection with their \$14,500 transaction with William Miller of Springfield, O., dismissed. They were arrested when Mr. Miller left a bank with \$14,500 in currency, which he says he was to have used to acquire some stock in a Colorado mine.

DAVID CAPLAN, charged with murder in connection with the dynamiting of the original Times Building, when twenty men lost their lives, has been deserted by the attorneys who were originally employed by union labor to defend him. Caplan's only statement is that he expected them to represent him.

When the prisoner appeared before Judge Willis yesterday morning for trial the only representation he had in court was Hyman Levin, a young man from Job Harriman's office. He asked for a continuance of the case until Thursday, but Judge Willis set the time for tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock and said if there is no attorney present then to defend him he will appoint one.

It was short of money that prompted the attorneys to abandon the case, many are wondering what became of the several thousands of dollars contributed to the defense fund of Schmidt and Caplan by the rank and file of labor unions throughout the country. It is known that individual members turned over 50 cents each, while some gave a dollar. In addition to this method of raising money the matter was placed before a convention of labor agitators in San Francisco last fall and that body contributed \$8000.

The day the Schmidt trial ended the movement was made that the attorneys for the defense had not been paid all of the money promised to them. It was stated that Job Harriman had received a penny. Attorney Coghlan admitted that his fee had not been paid, but he said he would appear for Caplan rather than see him deserted. This has given rise to the opinion that some other force than money is behind the unexpected development of yesterday.

"I am totally in the dark in this matter," Diet-Atty. Woolwine said. "I knew Mr. Coghlan would not be present because I had received a letter from him to that effect, but I did not know the defendant was in the

entirely deserted by the men who had defended Schmidt. The State is ready to proceed with the case and I am satisfied that we have a stronger case, if such could be possible, against Caplan than we had against Schmidt."

For several weeks there have been many rumors to the effect that Caplan was seriously considering a full confession in the case. Those who were in the courtroom the day he leaped to his feet and announced to Judge Willis he wanted to make a statement, but was interrupted by Attorney Coghlan, were of the opinion that he wanted to make a confession then.

The presence in the courtroom (Continued on Fifth Page.) FALLS FAR AND BREAKS A NAIL. Filippino's Finger the Only Sufferer in Plunge Out of High Window. Jacinto Diaz fell three stories yesterday to a beaten court, and broke the end of one of his finger nails. His body was unbruised.

He was cleaning windows on the third floor of an apartment-house at Sixth street and Burlington avenue when a rope slipped and he dropped. As he fell he revolved. He thinks he broke the finger nail while trying to clutch the side of the brick building as he went downward.

He is a Filipino and exclaimed in his native tongue as he fell, although the language of fear is universal. Persons in the apartment-house heard the noises and looked out. Jacinto Diaz was assembling himself without difficulty and was scratching his body for proof of the fall. There was none, save his presence three stories below his starting point.

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You are cordially invited to call and examine the Kranch & Bach line of Upright, Small Grand, Parlor Grand and Player-Pianos.

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FRANK J. HART SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MUSIC COMPANY 332-334 SOUTH BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES. Branches: Pasadena, Riverside, San Diego.

REFUGEE HORDE CALLED DANGER

Supervisors Discuss Steps to
Expel Mexican Indigents.

Thousands Considered Menace
to Health and Morals.

Inter-county Meeting to Grip
Problem is Planned.

Deportation of the horde of Mexican refugees who have been pouring into Southern California during the past three or four years may become the order of the day in the very near future. Instead of diminishing with the strained condition between America and Mexico, the influx has increased, and official notices of this fact was taken by the Board of Supervisors yesterday.

There are more than 75,000 of these refugees in Los Angeles county alone and the problem of their care has become so serious that it constitutes a menace to the health and morals of the district. Whether such deportation will be permitted or aided by the government is a matter that will be decided finally by the Bureau of Immigration and proper authorities in Washington.

County Counsel Hill has been asked to furnish an opinion on the legality of the procedure contemplated. He will cite the laws governing deportation and ascertain whether they can be applied here without causing international complications.

Supervisor Norton, who introduced the resolution, declared that the United States spends great sums of money annually in keeping out undesirable immigrants from Europe, Asia and other foreign countries, but permits the Mexicans to cross the border with impunity.

POSSIBLE AFFRONT.

It was suggested that President Carranza of Mexico and the present government of that nation might feel the deportation an affront, bringing on additional international complications. Supervisor Norton argued that the Federal authorities could settle this and stated there is at present a Federal statute which provides for the deportation of undesirable aliens at any time within three years after arrival in this country, irrespective of their conduct after arrival here.

The reason for the agitation against the immigrants is that a great number of them have become charity wards shortly since their arrival here. According to reports of the County Health Officer, at least half the arrivals are afflicted with disease, many with a loathsome and practically incurable malady. More than 25 percent of the patients at the County Hospital are recent Mexican immigrants. At least 850 persons, represented by 147 family heads, are receiving county support through the outdoor relief department of the county charities. In addition, 120 Mexican men are working on the Claremont rocks, bringing the total number of dependents on county charity to approximately 3000.

LOAFERS' PARADISE.

In numerous smaller communities, near which Mexican villages have grown up, the charity of the town is spent on the undesirable. Investigation of these camps shows the majority of the immigrants know absolutely nothing of sanitation, that their moral code is lax and that they have adopted Southern California as a veritable paradise on earth as a result of the easy time they have of getting along with the assistance of various charities.

The Mexican quarters are crowded, there being as many as twelve to fifteen persons of opposite sexes residing in a single room. Many of the men and women are living together, although not married, and their offspring are frequently abandoned to the care of relatives, friends or charity.

On the suggestion of Supervisor Norton it was deemed proper to call a conference of representatives from other Southern California counties which have similar troubles and ultimately secure concerted action on the matter of deportation. The date for the conference will be announced later.

Has Chin.

INSISTS ON HIS RIGHTS.

Alleged Counterfeiter Forecasts Plan to Take His Case Direct to Federal Grand Jury by Demanding Preliminary Hearing—Retains Lawyer.

With a roomful of evidence against him, J. D. Clarke, charged with having counterfeited coin and paraphernalia in his possession, insisted yesterday on his right to a preliminary examination under the law. It was expected that the matter would be taken direct to the Federal grand jury that convenes Thursday, but when brought before United States Commissioner Hammack, Clarke objected, declaring that he was entitled to a preliminary hearing. Clarke has retained an attorney, and will take his chances this morning before the commissioner.

The case against Clarke was one of the swiftest in point of time, from the hour of discovery until he was arrested, ever known in the career of Secret Service Agent Hazen, considering the importance of the capture. On Tuesday the initial intelligence was received by that officer, and a world of detail had to be worked up before the descent could be made upon the lone house in Millard Canyon. On Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock Clarke was in the hands of the law, and the evidence against him all in hand. Clarke is very secretive and will make no statement about his alleged connection with the counterfeiting game.

FEWER AUTO THEFTS.

SENTENCES GIVEN TO OFFENDERS
Have Marked Effect.

Auto thefts throughout the county, as reported to the Sheriff's office, decreased during the month of March, largely due to the heavy sentences imposed on convicted automobile thieves by the Superior Court judges during the past few weeks. Deputy Sheriff Strong and Wright, in charge of the automobile recovery department, stated that ninety-one cars had been reported stolen and that all but sixteen of these had been found on the roads or recovered in other ways. The machines still missing are valued at more than \$15,000.

RESUME TRAFFIC TO SOUTH SHORE.

Pacific Electric Service to
Balboa and Newport
Wednesday.

After having been cut off from electric railway communication with Los Angeles since the middle of January, the south coast beach resorts are to have a resumption of car service tomorrow morning. This event is of such importance to the beach points directly affected that it is proposed to have a day of celebration soon, with a programme that will attract many visitors.

It is probable that the date will be set for some time within the next ten days or two weeks. The first car for the south beaches will leave Los Angeles tomorrow morning at 4 o'clock. It will run by way of Long Beach. The schedule for the remainder of the day, which will be by the through line, will be as follows: 6:45, 7:45, 8:45 and 11:15 a.m.; 12:45, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15 and 6:15 p.m.; 12:05 a.m. The latter car will run by way of Long Beach. These cars give direct service to Huntington Beach, Newport Beach and Balboa.

Military Training.

(Continued from First Page.)

period of four weeks as much as possible of the fundamental education of an officer. Mr. Spaulding stated it will accommodate 3000 men. W. H. Crocker of San Francisco, who is very much interested in this work, is providing the land for the camp. It belongs to the Pacific Improvement Company, of which Mr. Crocker is a moving agent.

The land is 30,000 acres in extent. Mr. Crocker will pipe water onto the ground, put in electric lights for a permanent camp and facilitate the matter in every way. He will even set aside a bathing beach for the recruits. The land adjoins the famous seventeen-mile drive around Monterey Bay and Mr. Spaulding says it ought to be an ideal site.

Through the medium of military luncheons, to be held at Hotel Clark, this training camp matter will be kept before the public. The first luncheon will be given at 12:15 p.m. next Thursday, when Maj.-Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the Western Department, U. S. A., will speak. It is expected at least six of these military luncheons will be given, and that at each the speaker will be a public and it is desired that all who are interested in any score attend. In order that the gatherings shall be thoroughly popular, the luncheon charge has been fixed at 50 cents. Only 100 tickets will be sold, and the addresses will be limited to thirty minutes.

Those who wish to attend the camp may sign application blanks at the office in the Mortgage Guarantee Building, which is in charge of Edwin M. Keith. The first to sign yesterday was H. S. McKee, chairman of the local committee. Others who have signed are S. A. Lindauer, S. M. Spaulding, Maynard Mitchell, P. A. Cadwalader, J. C. Macfarland, Donald O'Melveny, Gurney Newlin, Warren Bevard, Harold Cook, Bernal Dyer, Edwin James, A. H. Brown, R. E. Naffziger, J. Harry Pieper, Al Frank and Gordon Thomas. A number of Harvard and Princeton men now settling here have notified members of the committee that they intend to enroll.

MEETING CALLED OFF.

Sanitary Engineers Not Coming to Confer with Supervisors.

The scheduled meeting of the Commission of Sanitation Engineers with the Board of Supervisors for this afternoon will not occur. Word was received from Engineers Gillespie and Hyde of Sacramento that they could not get here, and did not desire to come unless positively certain that something would be accomplished toward settling the question of appointing the commission permanently. At least, that is what was reported to the board.

Supervisor Hamilton felt a trifle annoyed because he had cut short his visit to Iowa in order to be home in time to attend this important conference. Chairman Priddyman helped to mitigate this sorrow by inviting the board to the first baseball game of the year, as his guests. An invitation to the game was sent by the heads of the Los Angeles and the Vernon teams.



TUGWELL TRIAL CLOSES TODAY.

Slaying Case to be in Hands of
Jury this Afternoon.

Attorneys Argue All Day for
and Against Accused.

Two More to be Heard Before
Talesmen Deliberate.

Throughout yesterday and a part of last night attorneys for and against Percy Tugwell, accused of the murder of Mrs. Maud B. Kennedy, argued before the jury in Judge Houser's court.

The assembling of facts and marshaling of evidence against Tugwell was accomplished by Deputy District Attorney Selph. He argued that the evidence precluded all possibility of suicide by Mrs. Kennedy. The three separate confessions of guilt by Tugwell, given without threats, he declared, could prove absolutely nothing but guilt. He urged the jury to find the defendant guilty and bring in the verdict without recommendation of mercy or clemency.

H. L. Giesler, attorney for the defense, attacked links in the case of the prosecution, particularly laying stress on the descriptions given by witnesses of the murder to the man who did the killing. If there is such a man, these descriptions do not tally at all with Tugwell. He also declared the defendant could not have used great violence that time, having barely recovered from a broken arm. He insisted the entire case against the accused was circumstantial and warranted against conviction on this character of testimony.

Frank Dominguez, in an impassioned manner, spoke for the defense, principally in denunciation of conviction on circumstantial evidence. He painted pictures of the miscarriage of justice in similar circumstances. He told of jurisprudence, mostly in England. The alleged confessions of Tugwell he said, put in evidence and injured by the stress of accusation and by the tricks of the brain, which has been known to work in amazing ways in similar circumstances. He asked for absolute acquittal of the defendant.

This morning Attorney Earl Rogers will complete the argument for the defense, while Deputy District Attorney Doran will marshal the testimony for the prosecution. It is expected the case will go to the jury in the afternoon.

TO PLAN YALE DINNER.

Ellis Will Meet and Prepare to Entertain President Hadley.

Judge Wood, president of Yale Alumni Association, has called a meeting of the directors for noon today to plan the annual dinner. The dinner is usually held in March, but because President Hadley of Yale has arranged to be in Los Angeles, the affair was postponed so that it may be the honored guest. It will be held on the 22nd inst.

Dr. Hadley will arrive in this city at 2:30 o'clock that afternoon. In a letter to Judge Wood, he wrote: "I think I can make a better speech just after I have had the rest of four days' train ride than under other circumstances and conditions. I am looking forward to the meeting with great pleasure. Your association is one of which we are very proud, and I have delightful recollections of its hospitality in the past."

"Barring battle, murder and sudden death, I shall avail myself of the opportunity which you have given to add a third to the series." Dr. Hadley wrote in a previous letter. The association, however, \$10,000 has supported a scholarship at Yale for the past eight years. Part of that time it has had two young Southern California men at the university.

TO MEET IN OAKLAND.

California Osteopathic Association to Hold Annual Convention in June.

Announcement was made here yesterday that the directors of the California Osteopathic Association had decided to hold their annual convention in Oakland in June. The gathering will probably be either the first or second week of that month.

Dr. W. Curtis Brigham, president of the State association, is in attendance at the annual meeting of the Bay Cities Osteopathic Association in San Francisco at the present time and will be the principal speaker at the banquet given in the Stewart Hotel. He was accompanied by Dr. W. V. Goodfellow, professor of drug and throat disease of the College of Osteopathic Physicians and Surgeons of Los Angeles.



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who demand supreme quality in everything that goes on the table favor Golden State Butter because it never fails in meeting the highest standards of purity and keeping qualities.

California Central Creameries



DISMISSES MELON CASE.

Japanese Grower Wants the Money
Recovered, Under Anti-trust Act,
Tied up, but Court Holds Him
Wait Until Judgment
are Entered.

United States District Judge Cushman yesterday dismissed the suit brought by T. Saitow against George S. Kunihiro, involving the alleged operations of the cantaloupe trust in the Imperial Valley, claiming that it was not properly instituted.

Saitow is one of the numerous Japanese cantaloupe growers who, it is alleged, made a contract with Kunihiro and Edward Byrnes for the sale of cantaloupes in the eastern and other markets. Some time ago, Judge Bledsoe decided that Byrnes had been improperly served, and Kunihiro stood as the lone defendant.

In the action brought by Saitow, he sought to have tied up, for the benefit of the Japanese who made contracts for the sale of cantaloupes with the defendant, any money they might recover from an action pending in Federal courts at Cincinnati, Chicago and other points, against numerous cantaloupe dealers in the eastern market for alleged violation of the Sherman Anti-trust Act.

Judge Cushman held that it was a bit early to start an action of this kind as no rights had accrued as yet, for the cases are in process of litigation.

BITTEN GAINS TIME.

Embezzlement Charge Trial Continued
One Day on Plea for Investigation
of Alleged Attempt
"Railroading" of Defendant
by Officials.

George Bitten was not tried yesterday as programmed. With his attorneys, Frank Allender and Harry Ellis Dean, he appeared in court in the morning and asked for a continuance of the hearing, on the charge of embezzling \$350 from Mrs. Ella Levy. Deputy District Attorney Shelby vigorously opposed a continuance, declaring that several advancements of the date of trial had already been allowed.

The request of Attorney Allender was on the ground that the grand jury will be asked to investigate what he terms the "railroading" of his client by various city officials, as well as some of the letters, supposedly written by Mayor Sebastian to Mrs. Pratt, which were not introduced in evidence in the trial of the former, having been held by Bitten.

Judge Craig finally permitted a continuance of one day, declaring that the case should go on this morning if possible. He stated that it would have to be brief, because he could not consider the postponement of the trial of Harry Duncan, accused of the murder of Sgt. Toole.

AVOID THE BURN.

On Saturday Make a Practice of Phoning
your Sunday ads to The Times on Friday,
day or night. Collection for the service will
be made at your home or office. Make 525,
Home 10252.

FIGURE VALUE OF GAS PLANT.

Three Estimates Give Nearly
the Same Result.

Mulholland's Appraisal Covers
Urban Properties.

Rate Hearing Awaits Arrival of
Attorney.

William Mulholland, chief engineer of the water department, took the stand in the gas rate case before Commissioner Edgerton yesterday, and read into the record his valuation of the Los Angeles Gas and Electric Corporation's property.

Immediately thereafter, Commissioner Edgerton declared an adjournment until 10 o'clock this morning, at which time Jared How, attorney for the Southern California Gas Company, will have returned from San Francisco. The adjournment was taken at the request of City Attorney Stephens, who desired Mr. How's presence during the examination of witnesses, in order to shorten the hearing when the Southern California Gas case comes up.

APPRAISES CITY PROPERTIES.

In the Mulholland appraisal, only the property within the city of Los Angeles was considered, but for the purposes of comparison the engineers of the commission have prepared a table of the three valuations relating to property within the city, as follows: Commission, \$11,274,874.64; Cory for Los Angeles Gas and Electric Corporation, \$11,828,636.82; and Mulholland, \$11,374,485.89.

Considering the property as a whole, the commission's engineers and the Cory appraisal for the gas company are within 5 per cent. of each other, the values for the total property being, according to the commission's figures, \$13,782,853.76; while Cory, for the Los Angeles Gas and Electric Corporation, sets the value at \$14,429,282.56.

The above figures contain the estimated cost, \$1,197,788.25, of the paving over all the existing mains, where there is any paving, whether such paving was actually paid for by the company or not. It is, however, not the intention of the company to claim the right to earn on the value of saving which it did not pay for. After deducting this amount and including an allowance for supplies and working capital, the value as reported by the engineers for the commission is \$13,525,323.57.

Since the appraisals of all parties are in such close agreement, there will be little ground for dispute as to valuation, the principal difference being over operating expenses and the amount of future gas sales, with its effect on earnings. The company has already made a strong case on these points.

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We loan money on safe, easy terms in any amount up to \$5000. Loans are repaid in convenient monthly amounts covering the interest due and a portion of the principal. You agree to repay no more than you are sure you can easily provide for each month. Provision can be made to repay your loan faster if at any time you find you are able to do so.

Loans are made for building purposes and on improved property for any legitimate purpose. Ranch and farm lands excepted.

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D. M. CUTHBERT, Loan Insp., C. J. WADK, Secretary.

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in your office and in your home. It earns money for you, day or night—an ever-ready servant that works automatically—never lags—is always at your service.

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Rainier BEER

now brewed in San Francisco, in the plant here pictured, which, by reason of its embodying the last word in up-to-date methods and mechanism has made it possible to improve on that here-to-fore superior quality of

Rainier BEER

Rainier Bottling Works, Distributors, Los Angeles.

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U. S. 1916. [PART II]
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Involved.
**TRAGEDY AFTER
MONEY MIX-UP.**

**Agent Dead in an Auto Wreck,
Clients Stand Losses.**

**Short Straightens Tangle of
Four "First" Mortgages.**

**Remarkable Situation Recalls
the Strange Fatality.**

The foreclosure suit brought by the Julia Moak against Joe Taylor, a contractor of Pasadena; Miss Mary N. Dubois, Mrs. A. B. Bushnell and Victoria Gladden, laid bare a remarkable situation yesterday. Licked by the various transactions in the case of James H. Galt, who met a sudden death in the Arroyo Seco September 14, 1914. The case, tried by Judge Taft some time ago, was decided yesterday, the court pronouncing the amounts due the parties. In many respects the suit was interesting. As was brought out during the trial, Mrs. Moak loaned Mr. Taylor \$750 on a first mortgage upon the property. It then appears that the Galt, acting as agent for both parties, went to Mr. Taylor and suggested that as he needed money for a second mortgage, he ought to get a loan from Mrs. Moak. He advised Mr. Taylor to put on a mortgage for \$500 and release the \$750 mortgage. The Taylor signed a new mortgage for \$500 loaned by Miss Dubois, and the difference between the \$500 and the \$750 mortgage, namely \$250, but took up in a mortgage him. The evidence showed that Mrs. Moak did not receive her money back. She then loaned \$550 on a second mortgage and it is alleged this money was used to take up the mortgage of Miss Dubois and Mr. Galt's mortgage, she having advanced a total of \$150. She was thus four apparently mortgages on the same property, namely \$750, \$500, \$400 and \$150. On September 14, 1914, Mr. Galt's car and relatives were horrified when they saw him driving his automobile in Arroyo street, it ran over an embankment and he was killed. He was probably the one of the best-known men in the county who could skillfully guide a machine. Mrs. Moak started foreclosure proceedings and named Miss Dubois a defendant. The latter filed a cross-petition, seeking to foreclose her mortgage. Then others got into the act. She was the hard legal nut the case was asked to crack. Yesterday decided that Mr. Taylor never had a mortgage of the various loans. He then found that Mr. Galt acted as agent for all parties concerned, and when he prepared the loss among the Moak, Miss Dubois and Mrs. Bushnell. He reduced Mrs. Moak's mortgage by \$125 and Miss Dubois's mortgage by \$125. Mrs. Moak's first lien on the property was first lien and Mrs. Dubois second lien. Attorney Turnbull represented Mr. Taylor and Parker and Parker were for Mrs. Moak.

Tangled.

WILL A BANKRUPT.

Overrules Referee in the Case of Rebecca Lee Dorsey, Whose Debts are Denied—Women's Creditors Seek Control of Property.

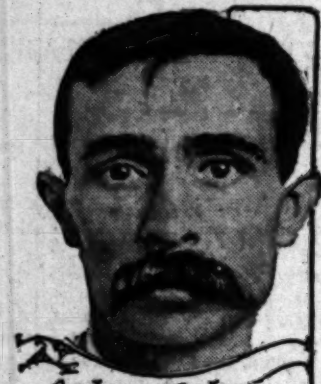
The tangled financial affairs of Rebecca Lee Dorsey received another twist in the Federal Court, yesterday Judge Trippett, after an examination, denied her a discharge from bankruptcy, in spite of the fact that Lynn Helm, referee in bankruptcy, had recommended her discharge. The exceptions to the referee's report were sustained. The alleged in the objections to the referee's report was that a number of pieces of property belonging to her niece, Rebecca Lee Kelly, were alleged purpose of depriving creditors, and it is claimed by the referee, that in spite of the allegations by her creditors, Miss Dorsey held herself guilty of concealment of her assets and should be allowed discharge from bankruptcy. The referee was heavily interested in the property in Riverside county, and the difficulties overtook her, the settlement of her affairs has been in the Federal Court in one way or another for several years. It is claimed by the referee that if all her property were subject to her debts, she would be out in full.

Friendly.

WATER RIGHTS.

Authorities Attempt to Settle Dispute Between City and Red Bank in Owens Valley Over Right of Creeks for Irrigation Uses.

If possible, to straighten out the rights in a controversy between the city of Los Angeles and the Red Bank in Owens Valley over the right of the Owens River to the waters of these creeks for irrigation purposes. Attorney General Moody will leave this evening for the same. Following his journey, he made a report to the department that was not and it is necessary to make a survey of the water situation. The Indian families who depend upon the supply of water for domestic and irrigation purposes, and the grant of the allotments by the department it is up to the department to see that they get the water unimpaired and unobstructed in any way.



Antonio Sales



Antonio Roble



Benjamin Martin

Alleged Smugglers.
Arrested in Fresno and identified as the three men who escaped after a sensational fight with the police in this city ten days ago.

BOARD SIDESTEPS.

Supervisors Withhold Decision on Request for Great County Stadium.
The idea of appropriating \$40,000 of county funds toward the erection of a great outdoor stadium did not meet with very hearty response by the Board of Supervisors yesterday afternoon.

A large number of women, representing prominent women's clubs of Los Angeles, headed by President John S. Mitchell of the Chamber of Commerce, appeared to place the matter before the board. The attraction such a Greek theater would prove for organizations planning to make Los Angeles their convention place was glowingly painted by Mr. Mitchell, as well as by other members of the delegation. The best the board could do in the matter was to take it under advisement, for action at some future date. The majority of the members expressed themselves dubiously on the advisability of such an expenditure without a vote of the people.

TRACED BY HANDWRITING.

B. F. Swett was arrested yesterday by Constable Hayes on the charge of having violated his probation after conviction on the charge of embezzlement about two years ago. At that time he gave the name of George Swann. Handwriting experts declared that his writing and that on certain bills of sale and checks were identical and of peculiar feminine type. Several days ago a check apparently signed by J. F. Patterson was declared fictitious and traced to Swett, through the handwriting. He will be brought before the Superior Court today.

Novels.
**PIRATES PASSE;
SMUGGLERS NOW**

New Use for Spanish Main is Found by Dopesters.

**Trio Identified as Fugitive
Opium Theater Gang.**

**Brought Here from Spain for
Exceptional Abilities?**

Three alleged smugglers, said to have been brought from the Spanish Main to ply their illicit trade here with the skill they had learned in the caves of old Castile, were identified in Fresno yesterday as three of the fugitives who escaped after holding up Detective William Mann and Guy McAfee in the loft of an old theater on Jackson street, March 23, fleeing with fifty cans of opium. They were arrested by the Fresno officials while attempting to peddle the opium which they had wrenched from the grasp of the two detectives in a sensational situation as smugglers have ever created in this city. Detectives Mann and McAfee identified the trio when photographs of the trio were sent here from the north. Their names are Benjamin Martin, Antonio Roble and Antonio Salas, who had their nest at No. 16 Apollonia street. Of their gang also was Francisco Diaz, whom Detective Mann shot down and who lies in the County Hospital with eight bullet holes in his body. According to the police, they represent an important part of the most desperate, and skillful smuggling ring known to the local and Federal authorities. For months the government has been on their trail, inkling from the underworld informed the Federal officials a gang more active, more organized, better financed and more desperate than any yet attracted to the profitable trade of smuggling opium was in operation between Los Angeles and Mexico.

FROM OLD CASTILE.

All the old smugglers and the potential smugglers were known to the authorities, and they could not identify this mysterious organization of whose activities so much was told. The reason for the successful secrecy of their identity was that they were recruited from the shores of Spain, excited with tales of vast profits to be harvested in the trade, and brought here because of their known ability in the work, and their proven courage. They were a special crew as ever sailed for America. The master smuggler who organized them, went so far abroad that he might have been entirely unknown to the channels of the lawless trade. Then they began bringing great cargoes of opium into this section of the State.

First known of them was a mysterious call received by Detective Mann at No. 323 Jackson street at dawn, March 23, and he would find some smugglers. (He took with him Detective McAfee.) They went into the shadowed depths of the theater together. Mann went to the roof, McAfee ascended alone to the dingy loft high above the gallery from which the voices of the plotters issued.

When he located the presence of the men, McAfee stepped boldly among them. There were four smugglers. McAfee snatched the fifty cans of opium from Martin and told the men to step back. As he did so, Roble, Salas and Diaz drew their revolvers, and ordered him back. Then Martin snatched the package of opium from McAfee and fled. After him went McAfee down the squeaking stairway, through the aisles of the theater, and out into the street. McAfee caught the fugitive, and brought him back to the entrance of the theater, thinking Mann would have had time to come to his aid. But Mann was mixed with two of the bandits.

ONE IS SHOT.

The opium was again wrestled from McAfee by Martin, who fled. After him went the other smugglers, covering his flight. Mann had feared to shoot, for the danger of injuring his partner. But as the smugglers ran, he drew shooting down Diaz. Persons in the neighborhood thought murder was being done, and stoned the detectives as they chased the other smugglers. Martin, with his freight of opium, Roble, Salas and a fourth man who acted as a lookout escaped.

At Fresno when they were arrested, the police say, each had a can of opium in his possession, but

they were negotiating for the sale of fifty cans, the exact amount in the package over which the fight here was made. Newspaper clippings describing the latter were found on them. The Fresno officials are holding the trio for prosecution here. Detectives McAfee and Mann swore to complaints yesterday and warrants charging the men with resisting arrest on suspicion of smuggling were issued.

POISON FOR ANTIDOTE.

Man with Domestic Woes Drinks Lethal Dose of May Live. Thomas Everett attempted to kill himself by swallowing poison yesterday afternoon. He drank a particularly powerful and burning potion, and his groans so disturbed other lodgers in his rooming-house at No. 113 1/2 East Second street, where he had taken a room, they notified the police. At the Receiving Hospital Everett was relieved of the poison, and although his throat and stomach are terribly burned, he may recover. He lives at No. 322 Central avenue. An engineer by trade, he has not been working regularly for several months. His wife is in a sanatorium. He placed his two children with a family in the San Fernando Valley. He was unable to pay their board bill regularly, until a considerable amount was owing. Yesterday Everett went among his friends, trying to raise the money. His quest was unsuccessful.

PERSONALITIES BARRED.

Supervisors Recent Attacks in District Attorney's Roulette Wheel Note. Dist. Atty. Woolwine received a small slap on the wrist from the Board of Supervisors yesterday. He may not know it until he reads this or someone tells him about it today. When Mr. Woolwine's report on the missing roulette wheels was read to the board the references of the District Attorney to the interference of Supervisor Norton were noted. The name of the latter was referred to several times. The request for a report had come from the board. It was therefore moved by Supervisor Woolwine that the District Attorney in the future answer directly to the board without reference to the interference of any individual member's animosity. The motion was passed and Chairman Fridman was requested to make a personal investigation of what has happened to the wheels of chance.

UNDELIVERED TELEGRAMS.

The following is a list of undelivered telegrams at the Western Union: Miss Helen Bailey, J. J. Bowers, John Crider, H. E. Decker, Alfredo D. Valle, Frank A. Mitchell, Frances Murray, Mrs. J. J. McGeech, William Saunders, and Charlie Severance; at the Postal, Frank Burt, J. E. Brumm, Mrs. L. Mae Walker, L. E. Mitchell, Robert Howdie and S. E. Mitchell.

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Neither did some of the most distinguished and successful figures of our time. Andrew Carnegie had no university training; neither had James J. Hill, the most resourceful railroad genius that America has yet produced. Nor John D. Rockefeller, one of the greatest organizing minds of any age. Neither had Joseph Pulitzer, who came to this country, like Carnegie and many another, as a boy in the steerage, and rose to be the greatest newspaper editor of his time and a multi-millionaire.

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One conspicuous trait is common to all these men. That is a PASSION for KNOWLEDGE. That's why they succeeded. And it is curious to find how deeply almost all of these men have been influenced by the Encyclopaedia Britannica.

Mr. Edison has a set of the new Eleventh Edition always at his elbow. Mr. Pulitzer bought for himself and his employees no less than 18 sets of this new Eleventh Edition.

George Washington's education was "only elementary and very defective," but he had a set of the Britannica in his library. It was a chance reading of an old volume of the Encyclopaedia Britannica which led Faraday, then a poor bookbinder's apprentice, to become a man of science and the greatest electrician of modern times.

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Los Angeles Times

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TREND OF THE FINANCIAL NEWS.

CHIEF EVENTS OF YESTERDAY.
(At Home.) The week opened in all investment circles generally buoyant, and with a good inquiry for the better grade of shares. Silver touched nearly 63 cents an ounce, and copper securities made further high records, with extra dividends declared by some. Holland has given notice she will be a big buyer of our wheat, and with a smaller acreage than last year, domestic prices are steadily advancing.
(Abroad.) All foreign exchange centers were lower to America, especially Austrian kronen.
(For details, see financial pages.)

RETURN OF THE PACIFIC MAIL SHIPS.

The reorganization of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company without railroad stockholders will enable it to undertake a coast-to-coast traffic, but the La Pollette steamer's law may still prevent it or any other American company from entering the Orient trade in competition with the Japanese steamers. What effect the pending shipping bill—if it passes—will have upon Pacific Ocean commerce is one of those things which, like Lord Dundreary's conundrum, "no fellow can find out."

TO QUOTE TIME.

William M. Selig has carried the case of William Shakespeare vs. Francis Bacon into the courts of Cook county, Illinois, praying that William Shakespeare be accredited as author of his own plays and that a publishing company be restrained from bringing out a book purporting to substantiate the alleged claims of Lord Bacon to the authorship of these works. Mr. Selig is not doing this for art's sake, but because the success of a number of imitations of Shakespeare's plays depends somewhat upon their authenticity. Mr. Selig has accepted Shakespeare as the genuine article and cannot afford to be stung. He is not in the least to blame for desiring to quiet title to these properties.

THE NEW ATONEMENT.

Sergeant W. Smith of the East Surrey Regiment, who, on October 13 last, was convicted and sentenced to a year's imprisonment with hard labor for drunkenly murdering a young girl, his wife being still alive, has been released on the King's pardon on the understanding that he rejoins his regiment at the front.
This is but one of numerous inconspicuous items buried in the English newspapers, indicating that the war offers a new atonement for wrongdoing in the British Isles. Only last week a petition was sent to Parliament suggesting that all able-bodied prisoners ready and willing to join the colors should receive a pardon.

DISCRIMINATING AGAINST AMERICAN SHIPS.

The Panama Canal rules for measuring the tonnage of vessels were adopted by Congress and applied at the canal ports, until a decision of President Wilson's Attorney-General necessitated a change in the rules which placed American shipping at a disadvantage. The Boston Monitor publishes the following instances of the practical workings of the decision of the Attorney-General:
"The American ship *Minnesota* and the British ship *Berwick* Law are so nearly of the same tonnage and carrying capacity that the tolls each pays to go through the canal show the advantage the British ship enjoys. The *Minnesota* paid \$1462.50 more than the *Berwick* Law for canal passage. The *L. E. Thurston*, an American ship, and the *Blantyre*, a Danish ship, are nearly of the same tonnage, yet the Danish ship paid \$640.30 less tolls than the American ship. The American ship *S. Catalina* is only four feet longer and two feet wider than the British ship *Strinda*, yet the *Strinda* goes through the canal for \$1034.15 less than the *S. Catalina*.
"The *Santa Clara*, a large American ship that was courtously put at Gov. Goethals's disposal when he wanted to try out the Pacific locks of the canal with a large ocean-going ship, is practically of the same carrying capacity as the Norwegian ship *Strinda*, yet the *Strinda* goes through the canal for \$1034.15 less than the *Santa Clara*.
"This unfair discrimination against American ships was the offering of the fact that the treaties of the United States with foreign nations provide that the tonnage of a foreign vessel as determined in its home port shall be accepted at the United States ports, and as foreign rules for determining tonnage are in many instances different and less exacting than those that were provided by the Panama Canal rules and the United States coast port rules, many foreign ships gained advantages in consequence."

The remedy for this discrimination will be to make Panama Canal rules of measurement conform to those of Great Britain.

The newspaper correspondents are limited to twenty-five words a day by Gen. Funston. If that sort of censorship had been in effect in Washington's time it would have been several days before we would have known that the Declaration of Independence had been adopted.

UNDERGROUND WIRES.

To celebrate the raising of a seventy-foot power pole, as the forerunner of paralleling the present electric distribution system in Los Angeles, might, in the words of Hamlet, be set down as a "custom more honored in the breach than the observance." Such a celebration was recently held at the triangle of Monte Vista and Pasadena avenue with speeches, bands, school children, flag-raising and all the usual accessories.

Quite apart from the question as to whether the taxpayers of Los Angeles are anxious to incur further indebtedness for running a municipal power system in preference to simply selling aqueduct power to the systems already in operation, it seems to us to be out of keeping with our civic pride in the City Beautiful to rejoice hilariously at the multiplication of unsightly poles and overhead wires.

If it must have another power system installed perhaps we ought to copy the example of older and less "progressive" cities and have the wires inside the city limits run underground in conduits. Los Angeles already has its landscape overly much mused up by poles and overhead wires. As far as some things can disfigure a scene, the wires in other directions by nature and the efforts of man, forest of bare poles has done its worst to destroy the artistic triumphs of Los Angeles.

Opposite the handsome branch public library on Pasadena avenue, one of the most beautiful residential sites in the city, with its inspiring view of the Arroyo Seco and the wooded hills beyond, already grim battalions of stark-naked poles and cross-arms netted with labyrinthine of tangled wires have conspired to mar the beauty of an otherwise unrivaled panorama. This was hardly the spot on which to celebrate with civic jubilation a further disfiguring of the city streets.

Were there no other way of carrying the necessary electric power into the city, we might cheerfully acquiesce in the multiplication of overhead wires. The proper place, however, for high-tension conductors is in insulated conduits underground. As for celebrating a further disfiguring of the city—well, some day we may go so far as to hold a civic parade with bands and flags in honor of a multiplication of billboards.

INACCURACY OF WILSON.

In dealing with Mexican affairs President Wilson seems determined to follow the example of the historic cow that first filled the pail with milk and then kicked it over.

The President, in his official proclamation to the public issued a week ago or so, says that "the distressed and sensitive people of Mexico are very susceptible indeed to impressions received from the American press." It will be seen to the proprietors of "the American press" to learn that their estimable journals are extensively read in Mexico, or indeed that the "distressed and sensitive" people can read at all.

President Wilson says it is his duty to warn the people of the United States that there are persons who are actively engaged in originating and giving as wide currency as they can to "rumors of the most sensational and disturbing sort which are wholly unjustified by the facts"—such for instance as the "sensational" account of the Santa Isabel murders, and the "unjustifiable rumors" of the destruction of Columbus.

President Wilson says that the object of this alleged traffic in falsehoods is "for the purpose of bringing about intervention in the interest of certain American owners in Mexican properties."

If President Wilson knew 10 per cent. as much as he thinks he knows, he would know that American owners of Mexican properties, as a rule, do not want intervention, except to secure protection for their property and lives. They do not want the United States to acquire and annex Mexican territory. In times of peace the cost of government in Mexico is less, taxes are less, and middle-class governmental interference with private business is less, than in the United States.

The owner of mines, or oil wells, or agricultural lands in Mexico, who is "trying" to "create intolerable friction between the government of the United States and the de facto government of Mexico" is a boy man who does not exist.

President Wilson has pursued one of the hallowest antics of his boyhood. He has scooped out a pumpkin, cut gashes in it to represent a satanic mouth, nose and eyes, placed a lighted candle in it and elevated it on a fence rail to scare all the horses into running away, and cause all the neighboring dogs to howl with terror.

The "capitalistic jackals," as Senator Hollis of New Hampshire discourteously described American owners of Mexican properties, have no desire that the United States shall acquire the northern States of Mexico.

Neither do they believe nor does anybody else except inmates of an asylum for the feeble minded believe the statement of Congressman Slayden of Texas, recently made in the House, that there is "a conspiracy hatched by foreign countries to organize a revolution in Texas to break up the State and annex its disunited parts (together with New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado and California) to Mexico."

When Villa is captured—as the latest telegraphic dispatches assert will soon be the case—the question will be whether he shall be turned over to the Carranza forces, and if so whether he will not make some sort of a bargain with them for his life, or whether he shall be brought to Columbus, N. M., to be tried there by court and jury. If he has any voice in the matter he will favor a trial by an American jury. Counsel learned in the law can be employed to defend him with some of the gold he has stolen. They will demur to the indictment on the ground that all the 's in it are not dotted. They will move to dismiss it on the ground that the animus furandi is not intelligently ascertained in it. They will call in a commission de lunatico inquiring on Villa, and dozens of medical experts will testify that with the aid of a cathode ray they have ascertained that the anorectic cellular tissues of the cephalic extremity of his nervous system rendered him morally irresponsible and he should be sent to an asylum.

If the court should overrule these preliminary objections, which it would take a week or two to argue, and order the trial to proceed, it might take several years to

Look, Listen!



and in New Mexico twelve men who had never formed nor expressed an opinion as to whether anybody had ever been killed in Columbus, and if so whether the victims did not die of accented crowp.

If one of the twelve jurors were induced by cash or approved credit to disagree with the other eleven, then the whole business would have to be repeated.

And if Villa should be convicted there would be a motion for a new trial, and a motion in arrest of judgment, and an appeal, and a rehearing, and during these proceedings Villa would have an opportunity to die of old age.

It is to be hoped that Villa will be captured by Carranza's troops, for then he would be propped up against a wall and shot into Kingdom Come with "certainty security and celerity."

PASSING THE "STRIPPED TEST."

Recruiting in Chicago has not produced results altogether inspiring from the standpoint of the military authorities. Less than one-fourth of the men were able to pass the "stripped test" examination. In Chicago 598 men presented themselves for enlistment in the regular army and only 109 passed the final test.

Of course it would be absurd from these figures to draw the conclusion that the United States in case of need could not raise an army numerically as large and physically as fit as any of the armies at present grappling in the European arena. As absurd as to hold Mr. Bryan's opposite contention that America could raise and equip a million warriors overnight by blowing a bugle.

Chicago, to begin with, is not the best representative American city of western manhood. It has an exceptionally mixed foreign element and so does not fairly represent the recruiting possibilities of the nation as a whole. Again, the "stripped test" is the severest enlistment examination ever adopted for military purposes. Under its provisions no man in Europe could have been maintained on the present war footing. It is a test devised to provide a small army of hand-picked men in times of peace that mentally, morally and physically shall have no equal in any other nation on earth.

To obtain this object the test has worked admirably. Our regular American army, small and insignificant as it is compared with the armed hordes of Europe, is for stamina, discipline and mentality without a rival. The record made by our punitive expedition sent forth at a moment's notice to capture the outlaw Villa, into a wild land of desert and mountains, with no roads or modern conveniences, is one of which the most prepared veterans of the Kaiser's armies might well be proud. Only men capable of passing the stripped test examination, under which so many recruits were rejected in Chicago, could possess the stamina and endurance necessary for the dash into Mexico that has been so admirably managed and so splendidly carried out.

THE WAR VERSUS THE CHILD.

According to a British scholastic journal, The Schoolmaster, 11,400 men teachers are serving with the British forces and 9000 more have been drafted for service under the Derby scheme of recruiting. In addition there are 150 with the naval forces and nearly 800 schoolmasters are serving as nurses in the Red Cross.

It speaks well for the bravery of the school teachers that seven of their number have already gained Victoria crosses, while 232 have been killed, 118 wounded beyond complete recovery, and 9 are missing.

At the same time Great Britain faces a serious shortage of teachers and the education authorities are raising the age at which children may attend school. The commission appointed on the subject rec-

ommends the abolition of the kindergarten and that no child younger than 6 years of age shall be admitted to the schools. It has also been proposed to allow children to leave school at the age of 13 instead of 14. Many schools have been taken over for hospitals and barracks, and education has simply had to be suspended altogether in many districts. It is safe to presume that a similar condition prevails in most of the warring countries, so that the children are to suffer the additional handicap of imperfect education as well as the burden of incredible war taxes during the next generation.

LANGUAGE AND COMMERCE.

One of the best assets our commercial travelers can cultivate against the end of the war and the universal grab for trade that will ensue is the ability to speak foreign languages. It has always been recognized as one of the fundamental reasons for the German commercial success, in that the German firms always sent linguistically educated men to seek trade in the foreign markets they coveted. The best salesman in the world is at a serious disadvantage if he cannot speak directly to his customers, for the ways of the interpreter are painfully inadequate.

The German traveling man who went to Russia seeking orders made a point of speaking Russian like a native; and England has long since recognized that many of her own markets were captured by clever English-speaking Germans, many thousands of whom had gone to England, as "volunteers"—men who were willing to accept positions without wages in almost any capacity while learning the language and trade methods of England. Few large firms but what employed from one to a dozen of such volunteers, who in six months had not only mastered the English language, but also the trade idiosyncrasies and methods of the English.

The American firm that covets South American trade would do well to remember that Spanish is the language in which he will have to do business and that Spanish will do almost as much to win orders as the virtues of a commodity. The English and the Americans have hitherto had a comfortable way of considering the language question to be up to the other fellow, but after the war, when all the warring countries will be in almost savage competition in the world markets, the salesman who can speak the language is the salesman who will start out with the strongest advantage.

The English Tommy has been busy learning a very passable vocabulary of French, German, Turkish and Arabic during the past two years, and each of the belligerent armies has added at least one other language to his vocabulary, which will be no mean asset when commercial conditions are restored. And the hustling gentleman from the United States, with all the advantages of organized trade and deep-seated plans to assist him, will find a very real handicap if he has not mastered a language or two as well.

Why "D-n" Isn't Cusin'.

[New York World.] The man who put the dash in d-n was wrong. A group of Harvard students who are studying numismatics have discovered that the only original d-n was a Persian coin, and not a cuss word at all.

News from Bagdad, as it is reported by the Harvard discoveries, is to the effect that in the old days the Persians had a complete coinage system. The smallest coin in size and value was a "dam," the worthlessness of which is exceeded only by Mexican and stage money.

Under these circumstances it became the custom for Persian sports to say that they didn't care a "dam" about this or that; to show their utter indifference, and from the Persian phrase must have come the American idiom, so the Harvard men think.

National Editorial Service.

HAVE THE RICH ANY RIGHTS?

(CONTRIBUTED TO THE TIMES.)
BY WALDO G. MORSE,

Councillor in the American Academy of Jurisprudence.

THE District Attorney of Mahoning county, in the State of Ohio, declares that Mr. Elbert H. Gary, who was born in Illinois and who is a resident of New York, must come or will be brought to Ohio, and there put on trial for criminally offending against the laws in that being in the city of New York, Judge Gary attempted to regulate the rate of wages to be paid to certain workmen in the city of Youngstown. Thus arises the interesting question as to whether a man, having employed no physical means, may be tried, convicted and imprisoned in a State in which he has not been.

So far as appears, any other director or officer of the United States Steel, or any other corporation doing business in Ohio, he be resident anywhere in the United States, might as readily be called upon to journey to Ohio to answer charges brought against him.

In the latest notable case of the kind—for the proposed procedure is not original—several citizens of New York and Ohio were indicted in Texas for high crimes and misdemeanors committed through occupying directorships in corporations which had contemptuously disregarded the antitrust laws of that commonwealth. The authorities of the Lone Star State sought to arrest their prey, and send them handcuffed to Texas, but the Governor of New York refused to act. He found that the New Yorkers had not been in Texas, that they had not broken any law of New York, and should be protected in their right to dwell at home in peace.

Suppose again that some State "sends for" Mitchell, Gompers, Debs, an entire delegation charged with disturbing the peace far from their habitations?

The problem broadly presented, is as to whether and how far a man shall be required simultaneously to know and conform to the laws of all of the States? To ask is to answer the question.

Under our hereditary law, an alleged criminal is presumed to know the law where he is and where he must be indicted, apprehended, arraigned and allowed to plead.

He is entitled to be tried by a jury of his peers, chosen in the neighborhood, and presumed to have familiarity with and understanding of the character and surroundings of the defendant, the prosecutors and the witnesses called.

Evidently the citizen of the United States has been a person of much consequence, not to be lightly prosecuted or criminally persecuted. The State exists for the protection of our rights. So we phrase the old spirit of American jurisprudence, and under the Constitution no State has surrendered to any other State the exclusive jurisdiction inherently possessed over its own citizens domiciled and resident at home.

The exciting cause for the many recent abridgments and attempts at abridgment of American liberties and immunities once deemed fundamental may well be sought in the influx of many millions unused to freedom and personal dignity; and to them as they begin to run over us here and there, and frame legislation or dominate organized opinion, we may trace the causes of a change in the entire aspect of our civilization not to be overlooked.

Already indictment by grand jury has disappeared in certain States, and a citizen may be put on trial at the whim of a petty prosecuting officer; or, on the other hand, the rankest offenders are safe from punishment if they stand in with that one man. Also the great traditional "Bill of Rights" has been abridged in other respects, not to be mentioned in detail. So we have come in part to the historical methods of civil law, whereunder the unhappy man accused is subjected to examination by a public prosecutor, denied the right of counsel, advice, or opportunity to confer with family or friends, and, only recently, physical suffering was generally believed a proper application to persuade the telling of truth by the accused.

The states of Europe still claim jurisdiction of all transactions which they deem to affect their interests. They have rendered judgments of imprisonment against American citizens, for acts done in the United States, their officers of the law watching expectantly, like spiders in their web, until the offending foreigner, convicted in his absence, shall come within their grasp.

The right claimed by the District Attorney of Mahoning county, Ohio, is continental, not American, and would involve startling consequences were it to prevail.

No lawyer outside of his own State is supposed to know what acts be statutory crimes, but laymen must know the laws in forty-eight States and stand trial for any breach thereof. They may be tried and sentenced successively in separate States, or at the will of prosecuting attorneys and unsympathetic courts; they may be tried simultaneously in numerous forums.

They may be given the "third degree" many times over from home, and among strangers, and tried before jurors wholly unable to understand the defendant or his surroundings where he lived and was at the time when far away, he is charged by a legal fiction, to have committed a crime.

The accused would be without real trial or common witnesses. A perfect alibi might exist, but it could not be proved.

A rich man so attacked would extricate himself with difficulty, if at all, even though innocent, while a poor man, separated from home, family, counsel, friends and neighbors, would be indeed a pitiable victim of our newly developing European-American absolutism.

RIPPLING RHYMES.

RED PAINT.

Red paint is pretty as pickled beets; of rich red paint let the poets sing! Red paint is good for the rustic seats, and excellent for the garden swing. We put red paint on the barn and fence, and know full well it will hold them down; red paint is good—but there is no sense in using it on the sleeping town. Red paint is wholesome and safe and sane, I sing its worth on the stage and stump; it's a splendid thing for the weather-vane, and fine as silk for the cistern pump. It can be used when you'd decorate the stable roof or the kitchen floor; oh, put three coats on the wicket gate, and spread it thick on the henhouse door. It's earned the praises of tongue and pen, it is far better than green or brown; it is a boon to the sons of men—but it's no good for the sleeping town.

WALT MASON.

PEN POINTS

BY THE STAFF.

They're off at Washington Park!

There will be a number of "positive" petitions to Chicago in June.

Some men are like seals, they are very active, except when you are looking at them something.

The latest thing in underwear for women is made of filmy Georgette crepe, with a without lining of white crepe. It is warm and effective. Oh me and oh my!

But it is not understood that Hughes exhausts the entire list of dental timber in the Empire State. Whitman is still in the Barbs class.

What has become of the war that Portugal declared on Germany some weeks ago? But, like the Italians, possibly it takes time for the Portuguese to get started.

A Pomona man has just paid for a horse he flched out of a neighbor's patch some years ago. If this becomes fashionable, it ought to put a lot of money in circulation.

Statisticians have figured out that 15,000 imbeciles at large. We should think the number was underestimated, for we have met almost that many in a single day.

It has been held that a baby born just the same rights on a street as a man. But nobody ever heard of the driver of a baby cart being arrested for speeding.

We always thought a man who was enough to be a horse trader might become a John D. Rockefeller if his wits were directed in the proper channel.

Speaking of preparedness, there are men in the French aviation corps who are the whole regular army of the United States. But that condition will not endure.

A learned investigating committee in Illinois has reported that poverty is the chief cause of immorality. Forgetting that in many instances immorality is the cause of poverty.

And now comes the glorious part, the city assessors are on their rounds, levying taxes and collecting from those who have no real estate. Life is now sweetest song!

Speaking of apt alliteration's art, there is the "mess and meddling" policy in Mexico, the "fuss and faze" policy in Lusitania, and the "Philippine policy" of "foot and scuttie."

The Democrats are weeping because representation from the Southern States will be reduced in the Chicago convention. Which confirms the view that reform was the proper thing.

Tom Taggart says he will not be a candidate before the people of Indiana to succeed himself in November when the vote on the successor to the late Senator Shively. Wise Thomas!

The various members of the defense security league organized in this country would provide a respectable army in itself and one of whose readiness and patriotism there could be no question.

George W. Perkins is about the only one in sight who is singing the praises of the Bull Moose organization, but the thing has cost him so much money that he does not like to throw it away.

There is much less inducement for men to leave home just now. Boys' colleges have done away with class fights, and it is getting so that a youth has a hard time qualifying for the football team.

Capt. Joseph E. Bernier, who has sailed the ocean for fifty years, is going on a voyage of a new way to the North Pole. We hope the brave old salt might find a better bet for his talents than wasting his attention on Arctic ice fields.

Harvard undergraduates have started a scribbled wrist watches as emblematic of the penalties of obliquity and cowardice. Nowhere more to be dreaded than in the "A" and "B" in a red-blooded student community.

Just because a widow yielded to the powers of persuasion is no sign that she will agree to the views of President Wilson. But it must be admitted that a man can cause a widow to change her mind and something in the argument line.

NOT MUCH.

A little bit of life
A little bit of love,
A little bit of happiness,
And money; just to shove
Up the hill and over
To make our journey sweet
And yet we do not ask much
We say to all we meet
Not much, not much,
Only all there is
Of richness and of beauty
In a world like this.

A little bit of fortune
A little bit of smile;
A little bit of sorrow,
A little after while;
A little bit to dine on,
A little bit to sip,
A tender arm, a red cheek,
A kiss upon the lip;
Not much, not much,
Only all that man
Have fought for and toiled for
And always will again!

A little bit of gladness,
A little bit of grief,
A little bit of goodness,
A helping over wrong;
A little bit of friendship,
A little bit of rest,
A little bit of beauty
In a love-lined nest;
Not much, not much,
Just enough to seem
The life ever longed for
Come true in dream.

—[Baltimore]

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—[Baltimore Sun]

BRIBE CHARGES STIR TROUBLE.

Company's Permit to Sell its Stock is Revoked.

Officials of State are Accused, They Declare.

Attention Claimed; Expense Account in Evidence.

A permit issued by the State Com-

missioner of Corporations to the Pro-

ducer Agency Company of Los An-

geles, authorizing it to sell shares to

prospective stockholders, has been re-

voked. The permit was issued Janu-

ary 14, and the troubles of the com-

pany with the concern began in

February. According to officers of the

commissioner's local of-

fice, the directors of the company

and by their present troubles to W.

H. Briggs, secretary-treasurer of the

company, had among its incor-

porate M. L. Gilchrist, who was

its president; W. N. Bridges,

its secretary-treasurer; C. Spaul-

ding, its attorney; and J. A. Mon-

roe, its president. The permit issued

to the company was to sell 25,000

shares of its stock. In February it

was discovered that the company had

issued 10,000 shares of promotion

stock, and the Los Angeles office

of the commission, and it was advised

that it would have to secure a return

of its money. The trouble came, how-

ever, when Mr. Bridges, while on a recent

trip to Sacramento to confer with

State officials regarding the incorpora-

The Caplan Case.

(Continued from First Page.)

yesterday of Jacob Margolis of Pitts-

burgh, prominently connected with

many labor union cases in the East,

particularly in Youngstown and

Steubenville, O., was taken to indi-

cate he had been induced to partici-

pate in Caplan's defense. In fact,

the prisoner said Margolis will appear

for him.

Fred H. Moore, who sat at the side

of Attorney Coghlan during the

Schmidt trial, was in court but he

made no statement, while J. H.

Ryckman, associate of Job Harri-

man, denied that he is to have any

connection with the defense.

Detectives of the District Attor-

ney's office have learned that Caplan

has been depending upon the expect-

ed testimony of members of the an-

archist gang of Home Colony, Wash.

for his defense. It is known he has

made arrangements with scores of

them to come to Los Angeles to tes-

tify as to his "good moral character"

and assuage the reputation of Donald

Voss, former resident of the colony,

who gave most damaging evidence

against Schmidt.

Attorneys Coghlan and McKenzie

rebelled against the introduction of

such witnesses in the Schmidt trial

but Schmidt insisted upon it and

Many Minds. OPINIONS VARY ON MOVIES IN SCHOOLS.

BOARD CAN'T AGREE, THEREFORE ASKS MORE LIGHT.

Principal's Report on Manual Training Also Meets a Variety of Views, is Called Reactionary by Superintendent Francis, and Goes Back to Committee.

Report No. 2 of the Teachers and Schools Committee, as submitted at last night's meeting of the Board of Education, caused a peculiar situa-

tion in which the seven members of the board and the superintendent expressed eight widely different views while discussing two paragraphs of the report. In the end, the para-

graphs that caused the discussion were eliminated from the main report and referred to different com-

mittees for further consideration. With the disturbing paragraphs out, the meeting progressed, the remain-

der of the report passing unanimously.

The two questions argued from eight different angles were the con-

sideration of placing moving pictures in the schools and the report of C. A. Kunze, superintendent of manual training, who submitted a plan for

a more economical use of supplies in that department in the schools.

The first question, that of moving pictures, caused a decided split. One member didn't want movies at all.

Another wanted them, but not right now, because of the expense. A third member declared moving pictures absolutely essential in the teaching of history and geography. Other mem-

bers presented different arguments. In the end, the question of moving pictures was filed, with the understand-

ing that the Purchasing and Distribution Committee would consider the matter further and try to arrive at a definite conclusion, so that their

findings might be presented to the board in concrete form.

The moving pictures had no sooner been disposed of than Supt. Francis read a signed protest into the

records, declaring the report of Mr. Kunze regarding the manual training work to be reactionary. Mr. Francis declared he could not con-

scientiously sign the report. The principal protest appeared to be that Mr. Kunze had recommended a uniform course of study in the manual training

classes, making it imperative for the teachers to obtain permission of the head of the department before

they were allowed to give the pupils work not prescribed in the uniform

rules. Mr. Francis contended this curtailed the originality of the in-

structors, and hampered their work. As in the moving picture question,

each board member appeared to have a different opinion. In the end the question was referred to the Law

and Rules Committee, and Mr. Francis withdrew his objections temporarily.

ZING LEE PUT AWAY.

Clover Chinese Given Fifteen Months at McNeil's Island for Smuggling.

United States District Judge Cushman gave the San Pedro smuggler a jolt yesterday when he sentenced Zing Lee, convicted of smug-

gling in two contrabands to fifteen months at McNeil's Island.

According to statements of the immigration authorities, Zing Lee, who at the time of his alleged operations in San Pedro was an innocent-looking laundryman, was one of the most dangerous smugglers that the officers

have had to deal with. He was not only a clever man in the game, they state, but had a faculty of covering up his tracks, so that in a half-dozen recent prosecutions, the testimony implicating the Chinaman ran right up to his door, but stopped there.

Kid Boot \$7

Ivory, Gray, White

Take your choice of three dainty shades in this modish, high-top model. Soft, exquisite kid with full lace top—a wonderful value.

Stamp Night 50c Dresses, Only

Six different patterns in these practical night dresses, all stamped ready for embroidery; they are remarkably inexpensive at... 50c

Novelty Braids for Crocheting

are here in plenty; you have been asking for them. (Art Needlework; Third Floor.)

Purify the Complexion

Do not be troubled with complexion ills. Keep all blemishes concealed while you are treating them. You can do this instantly without detection by using

Gouraud's Oriental Cream

It will also assist you to overcome "those ills" at the same time if they do not originate internally. Renders the skin soft, peachy-white appearance. Non-greasy. Used by the French and the East.

PERD. T. MOFFETTS & SON, New York City

—Home of Ostermoor Mattresses— —McCall Patterns—

Coulter Dry Goods Co.

FOUNDED in 1873.

U. S. Postoffice Sub-Station. W. U. Telegraph Branch. American Express Branch.

We Can Perfectly Copy the Spring Hat You May Have Admired in Some Style Journal

Very often customers bring us illustrations from journals of one sort and another—showing hats in styles which they fancy will become them. We are always more than glad to copy such models, and are perfectly equipped to do it satisfactorily.

All Good Materials are here—all the pretty French flowers and foliage (for we will have none but the best at Coulter's)—perky wingers, birds, fancies of every description; we have in stock a large line of real and imitation gours in all novel and unique designs; and ribbons of every sort, width and weave.

Our Clever Designers will copy any style you may have in mind to your entire satisfaction, as we shall greatly appreciate an opportunity to prove to you.

In Made-Up Models we are showing a stock this year that outdoes in beauty and completeness any that we hitherto displayed; prices are extremely reasonable, and quality, of course, the highest.

Stylish Suits for Stout Women

No longer need the woman of full figure pay a high price to the custom tailor for her garments; right here at Coulter's she can be fitted becomingly stylishly and inexpensively!

These suits have all the lines that tend to make the figure appear slender; they are cut in the right proportions, so that they are easily altered, if necessary.

There are shown in good poplin, gabardines in navy, green, black, tans; and combinations of wool and silk that are extremely modish. The new Chuddah cloth is also used in certain suits.

Prices begin at \$32.50 and range upwards to \$72.50. (Garments; Second Floor.)

Come to Coulter's for a Handsome Waist at \$3.75

Surely, nobody could ask to see a wider array of pretty summer waists than we have to show at this one popular price—there are any number of attractive models, in all favorite colors and materials and styles:

A Crepe de Chine Waist—of excellent quality, is shown in flesh, white or black, and in stripes.

A Waist for Traveling—may be had in plaid or stripe taffeta in dark tones that are serviceable.

Dainty White Lingerie Waists—galore, with just a touch of color; handkerchief linen collars and cuffs, or neat lace trimming.

Semi-Tailored Waists—are extremely fashionable; shown in fancy stripe or checked voile in gray, blue or lavender; or of the popular handkerchief linen, in white, rose, or blue; your choice of any of these \$3.75. (Waists; Second Floor.)

A Special Sale of Aprons for Maids and Nurses

Serviceable, pretty aprons in three-quarter and full lengths, for maids or nurses—and the dainty little tea and fudge aprons for women who do their own housework:

Of fine lawn; hemstitched bib and straps; regularly 75c

Maids' or Nurses' Long Aprons—regularly 75c, \$1 and \$1.50, now 65c, 75c and \$1.00.

Fudge Aprons—in white, huck toweling; embroidered scalloped in red; or of brown linen with similar scalloped; regularly \$1.25, for 75c and \$1.00.

Embroidery Trimmed—regularly \$1 and \$1.50, now 65c and \$1.00.

Maids' Caps—ten styles of maids' caps and bows to choose from, at 25c, 35c, 40c, 50c and 75c.

Bungalow Aprons—and breakfast sets—a new shipment; aprons, 65c, 75c and \$1; Princess Aprons, 35c and 65c; breakfast sets, 75c, \$1.25 and \$2.50.

Fancy Tea Aprons—daintily trimmed with lace and ribbon; 50c to \$1.75. (Undermaids; Second Floor.)

Table Linen and Napkins at Sale Prices

How many special prices on good linens have you been offered recently? Not many, unless you secured them here, for few stores have large enough stocks to do more than to supply present needs, at increased prices. Our Linen Stock, the largest west of Chicago, represents many purchases made months ago, of which you reap the advantage, now!

Damask at 45c yd.—extra heavy fine finished mercerized table damask; ten designs, yard

Linen at 90c yd.—snow white table linen; extra weight; a wonderful damask for hard wear; six handsome designs

Linen at \$1.25 yd.—the famous Shamrock brand; every thread pure linen; very fine and smooth; 10 patterns.

Napkins \$3.15 doz.—pure linen, in stripes, ball and a dozen different floral patterns; extra weight and quality; good value at \$3.50; special dozen... \$3.15

Napkins, \$6.75—25 dozen odd 26x26-inch fine Irish napkins; the Shamrock brand; \$10 napkins, dozen... \$6.75

Wash Cloths, 5c—made of extra fine mercerized yarn; pink or blue border, each 5c

Baby Bibs, 10c—pink or blue fancy Turkish toweling; 15c values.

Asbestos Mats—linen covered; all sizes in round or oval shape. (Lipens; Rear South Aisle)

Knit Wash Cloths, 5c—six for 25c.

Gray Buckskin Gloves, with soft turnback cuff of contrasting tan, priced at \$2.50; in short length, \$1.75.

Washable Cape Gloves, short, \$1.75 value, at \$1.50.

Chamoisette Gauntlet Gloves, washable, of course, \$1.25.

New French Gloves—have recently arrived; black or white, with fancy embroidered backs; two pearl clasps; first-class, perfect kid; \$2.25.

(Gloves; Main Floor)

Coulter's — 215-229 South Broadway—224-228 South Hill Street — Coulter's

NEWBROOK HILLBROOK

From the minute a boy graduates from short to long trousers—That minute his clothes become a determining factor in his success.

Clothes of Culture

Samuel W. Peck & Co.

Sampeck Clothes

—have a new style meaning for the young man.

No matter how good the fabrics may be, No matter how good the trimmings are, No matter how well tailored the garment may be, it is not REAL value at any price if it is not the last word in STYLE.

Sampeck Clothes of Culture stand head and shoulders over the crowd for style. There can be no greater value.

Sampeck clothes are ready for you in our second floor daylight shop for young men.

Harris & Frank

437-443 SOUTH SPRING ST. Known for Better Values

Sampeck received yesterday from the president of the Sampeck production, and Charles telegraphed to the same

Every Day. The Only Difference is That Mr. Wad Does it in Secret. By GALE.



Championships. FRANK SLOMAN TO RUN HERE. Dog Race Will Be Held Soon. SHEEPSHEAD BAY RACE OPENS EASTERN SEASON.

Sanji Sakamoto. Demon ball player of L. A. High, who may be reinstated and allowed to play with his school, according to a ruling announced last night.

FISH AND GAME PATROL RUNS ITSELF TO DEATH. HARSH RULE IS REVERSED. PREP SUNDAY BALL PLAYERS ARE REINTEGRATED.

Washington U. to Try Track Again. Redondo Gets Big Prep Meet. Owens Belongs to Portland Club. Only Three Tennis Matches Decided.

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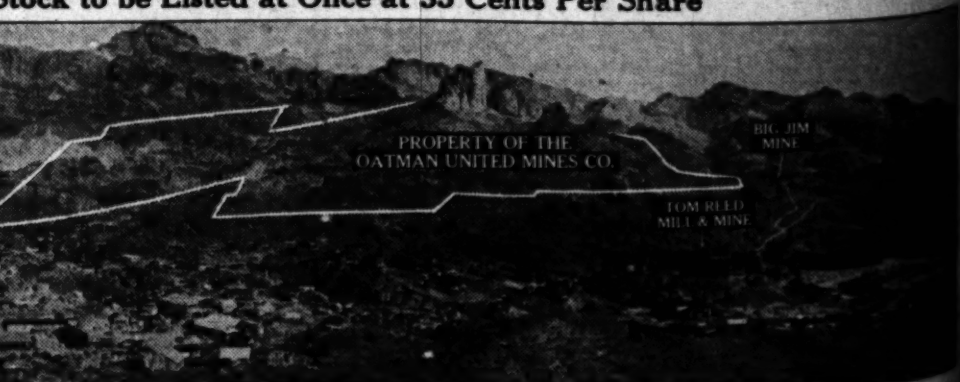
TUESDAY MOR

GREEN VEGETABLES—These quotations are for first-class shipping stock: Alligator pears, 12.00 dozen; artichokes, 40¢05 dozen; asparagus, white, 60¢7 per lb.; green, 8¢10 per lb.; old cocks, 9; hens, 16¢18; turkeys, 22¢24; ducks, 17¢30; geese, 16; squabs, doz., 2.00¢3.00.

MUTTON—Yearlings, 17; wethers, 15; ewes, 13¢; racks, 18¢; legs, 15¢; 13¢; Spanish style, pork, 16; liver, 10; headcheese, 10; sour headcheese, in 4, 11¢; Frankfurt sausage, 11; hams, 10; cubic 11; hot.

The Oatman United Mines Company
for quick work. This includes machine drills, hoist for a shaft 1000 feet deep, electric light plant, 3000 feet, change room with shower bath for employees, and all necessary buildings. Two shifts of men working our shifts as soon as electric light plant is completed.

Stock to be Listed at Once at 35 Cents Per Share



PROPERTY OF THE OATMAN UNITED MINES COMPANY.
C. P. CAMPBELL, Sec'y-Treas.
J. K. TURNER, Consulting Engineer.

Eastern, Tom Reed and Big Jim mines. Two large veins cross the property which are being developed by
ly or call at 805 H. W. Hellman Bldg., for maps, reports and 24-inch panoramas

picture of Oatman.

WIRE—EXCLUSIVE DISPATCH
April 8.—Colorado

Public Service: City Hall, Courts.

ORATORY CONFLICTS
WITH BUSINESS.SOAP-BOX SPEAKERS MUST
CHANGE SCHEDULES.

Council Public Welfare Committee recommends that street speaking in Los Angeles be regulated to prevent interference with wholesale merchants.

Soap-box orators in Los Angeles street must confine their speaking to the hours between 6 p.m. and 8 a.m., if the Council adopts the recommendation of the Welfare Committee. Representatives of nine wholesale houses along Los Angeles street appealed to the committee yesterday to close the street to speakers during business hours and in their discussion, they said that the sidewalks are so crowded that customers are unable to enter without great inconvenience. The recommendation of the committee will be for an amendment to provide that there shall be no speaking during ordinary business hours, but the orators may exhaust their surplus energy on Saturday afternoon and all day Sunday.

One business man said he had been obliged to move his office to the rear of the building, while another said that frequently when he was about to close a deal one of the "congregations" from the sidewalk would interrupt with a request for a dime. Other merchants said they have placed iron shutters in front of doors and windows after the crowds at frequent intervals. Representatives of the "reds" told the Council that the Plaza forum is a "joke."

"I could talk Marx or Chink I'd talk at the Plaza," said one of the speakers. "You Councilmen say it's a fine place for street speaking but I didn't see none of you making campaign speeches down there last campaign."

INTEREST RATES. Representatives of local contractors appeared before the Council Finance Committee yesterday to protest against the proposed reduction of interest on street improvements bonds from 7 per cent. to 6 per cent. They maintained that 6 per cent. is too low a rate and they questioned the statement of City Treasurer Powell that there is a strong demand for bonds at present.

"I know what I'm talking about when I say there is a strong demand for these bonds," said Treasurer Powell. "Recently a friend of mine told me that he had sold \$100,000 worth of these bonds and it took me more than a month to find them. During the search I learned that one local house has orders for \$200,000 worth of these bonds. I have anticipated opposition to a reduction in the interest rate from certain bond buyers, but the recommendation for lower interest rate was made for the benefit of the taxpayers and not for the profit by the high interest rate."

Considerable pressure is being brought to bear on the members of the Finance Committee to prevent the reduction in interest rates, but they said yesterday that they will probably report that 6 per cent. is high enough at present.

CITY TREASURER'S MONTHLY REPORT. City Treasurer's monthly report filed with the Council yesterday showed cash on hand amounting to \$3,167,750 and of this he said he would gladly loan \$4,000,000 or so at 2 per cent. Of the cash on hand, \$5,955,000 is proceeds from power bonds sold a few months ago.

APPROPRIATION. FOR MUNICIPAL HOME. An appropriation of \$50,000 a month towards maintaining a municipal boarding home for women was asked of the Council yesterday by a delegation of women. Councilman Lindsey informed the Council that a citizen of Los Angeles has offered to give \$1500 for furnishing the home, provided an organization is formed that will insure proper management and the city will provide something towards its operation.

The women who called on the Council included Mrs. Lewis R. Works, Mrs. Thomas P. White, Mrs. H. R. Farling, Mrs. J. B. Smith, Mrs. R. Mitchell, Mrs. Frank Stoddard, Mrs. E. H. Greppin, Mrs. Henry J. Slater and Mrs. J. A. Barton. The organization proposes to occupy the old Florence Crittenton home at Santee and Seventeenth streets.

The matter of an appropriation was referred to the Council Finance Committee.

License Hearings. The Police Commission has a busy day scheduled, with six hearings on license citations and the probability that charges may be filed to the effect that some of the local cafes are letting down the bars in violation of certain regulations. The Schaeffer and Schaeffer case in which the proprietors of a saloon at Fifth and Central have made false affidavits in connection with their license application is scheduled for this morning, after having been continued for nearly a month. Charges against the restaurant keeper and a massage establishment will be heard this morning and in the afternoon the commission will likely render decision in cases against three social clubs and hear evidence in cases against two more clubs.

Solution is Proposed. Solution of the quarrel between autobus drivers and the sightseeing bus owners who are parking on the west side of Hill street opposite Central Park was suggested to the Council yesterday by Public Defender Pope. At present, Mr. Pope said, one-half of the space is allotted to the sightseeing buses and the other half to the taxicabs. This gives more space to the sightseeing cars than they need and Mr. Pope suggested that the ordinance be amended to provide that the touring cars may occupy space in the other half of the block, but they must move on request of a sightseeing bus. The Public Safety Committee, of which Councilman Brain is chairman, will consider amending the ordinance.

Waste Union Terminal. Resolutions passed by the N.E.W. Commercial and Improvement Association urging that provisions be made for a Union Station at Alameda and Aliso streets and also urging an immediate start on the Macy street viaduct were filed with the City Council yesterday. The resolution will likely be referred to the general Viaduct Committee as Chairman Topham of that committee has already favored in general terms the proposal of the In-

dustrial Terminal Railway Company which has applied for franchises for a terminal in the old Chinatown district.

Restaurant Protest. Representative druggists and restaurant men lined up before the Public Welfare Committee of the Council yesterday for a debate on the question of whether drug stores should be permitted to sell pies and sandwiches. On the part of the restaurant men the argument was that the drug store luncheonettes hurt their business, while the drug store proprietors admitted that the modern drug store is in reality a department store and they are proud of it. The petition of the restaurant men was taken under advisement.

Pensions are Granted. Theodore P. O'Neill, a fireman who has been in a hospital or confined to his home for several months as a result of strain and chill encountered in working at a fire last August, was placed on the firemen's pension roll by the commission yesterday. He will receive one-half his regular salary. Patrolman Grove C. Stevenson was also subject to epileptic fits since he broke a leg on duty, was pensioned by the Firemen's Pension Commission.

At the Courthouse. **FAILS TO PROVE UNDUE INFLUENCE.** John Davis, custodian of the Court house, who contested the probate of the will of his wife, Mrs. Mary O. Davis, on the ground that she was of unsound mind and had been unduly influenced in executing it, lost his fight yesterday when Judge Rives, after carefully reviewing all the facts, found that Mrs. Davis was of sufficient mental strength to make testamentary disposition of her property.

Mr. and Mrs. Davis had been married fifty years. They were a devoted couple. Mr. Davis's earnings and his pensions went into the accumulation of the community property. When Mrs. Davis made her will was found she had given her sister, Martha A. Shaw, her half of the estate, worth several thousand dollars.

Wife's Share of Community Property, the Result of Fifty Years of Work Together, Goes to Her Sister—Testamentary Capacity Established and Probate Ordered.

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Mr. Davis is 84 years old, but still vigorous. He felt the blow keenly, as he had worked and saved for his old age. He said the best thing he could do was to provide for his sister, and believing that the sister and brother-in-law would still continue to care for her, he gave her the share. The court, who felt for Mr. Davis, nevertheless decided according to the facts. He stated that while opportunity for undue influence was abundant, the evidence failed to show any such undue influence. The evidence conflicted as to unreasonableness of mind, although it might be said that Mrs. Davis's mind was weakened by disease.

SIRE AIDS SON. **BOURNE FAMILY TROUBLES.** The suit of Mrs. Ralph Bourne against Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Bourne, the parents of her husband, for alienation of his affections, for which she asks \$10,000 damages, is drawing to a close in Judge Myers's court. The young wife has told her story and her friends have testified. Yesterday the husband took the stand and told why he left his home. He was followed by his father, who denied his daughter-in-law's allegations. He did not say during a scene between the young wife and the older people that "this would be a good time to go rid of her," a mother of fact. Mr. Bourne testified, when his son told him he was going to leave his wife, Ralph was advised that his wife and her entreaties came to naught. Mr. Bourne admitted he gave his son the money with which he bought a ticket to New York City.

Under cross-examination, Mr. Bourne, the father, admitted that his suggestions as to a dresser and a rug were followed by his son and daughter-in-law when the articles were bought. When the young people could not agree whether a dresser and rug should be bought in or out, he said he explained that they should swing outward, because this was more satisfactory and that kind were used. Ralph Bourne was shown a letter he admitted was in his handwriting. It read:

"Good by, Bud, dear. Hope you won't feel very bad over this, but things look so rotten that I am going to make a break from here. When I make good somewhere, I will know where, I will write to you to come to me. I love you, Bud, dear, with my whole heart and soul, kiddy. So good by, dear. Please be brave and things will come out all right." This was signed, "Your long trusted, Ralph."

Mr. Bourne said he did not remember writing the letter, but he said he might have done so several months before he left. He had thought of leaving long before he reached the conclusion to do so.

GIRL RELEASED. **JOY RIDE FORGIVEN.** Now that Anna Milano, the attractive young girl who has had a more or less lively career, owing to her high spirits, has regained her liberty and is making good progress in the right direction, her mother, Rose Milano, yesterday dismissed a \$15,000 suit against Leonard Woodward. The latter was charged with taking Anna on a joy ride, when one of the terms of the probation was that she should refrain from this pleasure. The action was dismissed in Judge Wellborn's court yesterday, on the statement of Mrs. Milano's attorney that the cause of complaint had been removed by the act of the juvenile court, which gave Anna her liberty. As the result of breaking her probation, Anna was sent to the Home of the Good Shepherd. Later she was turned over to her mother.

REPEAL HEARING SOON. Attorneys Ford and Hammond and Joseph Coyne yesterday represented John B. Powell, a member of the first department, in proceedings instituted against City Clerk Wilde, to review his action in the initiative petition looking to the repeal of the two-platoon system. Judge Jackson overruled a demurrer filed by the City attorney, and an early trial is necessary. The merits of the matter will be gone into next Tuesday. On the outcome of the case will de-

pend whether or not the two-platoon system will be voted on at the next election. The sufficiency of the initiative petition is in question. The City Clerk claims it is sufficient and Mr. Powell contends that it is insufficient.

DROPS RAILROAD. **SUES ONLY COUNTY.** The \$20,000 damage suit of Frank E. Edwards against the county of Los Angeles for the destruction of his land and crops by overflow water, which came before Judge Taft on a demurrer to the complaint, passed the preliminary stage yesterday, when the court overruled the demurrer. The suit was originally brought against the county and the Santa Fe Railroad on the theory that the railroad company had for long time maintained a viaduct in its tracks about a quarter of a mile below the Foothill boulevard.

The additional overflow of water led to the point where it passed under the highway in the culvert and was carried in bulk across intervening lands to the viaduct of the Santa Fe by the diversion and maintenance of the culvert. The unusual quantity of water was thrown below the railroad upon Mr. Edwards's land, to the damage of his property. An amended complaint was filed against the company, when it was shown that the Santa Fe culvert was in use before Mr. Edwards owned the land, and a claim was presented against the county.

NEW TRIAL SET. **BROWNING MURDER.** Calogero Finocchilo will have to face a second trial on the charge of murdering Detective Sergeant Browning. The data for this was set by Judge Craig yesterday morning. It will be June 12, the advancement to that time having been agreed upon by Deputy District Attorney Hogan and Attorney Lightfoot and Chapman, in order to secure new data, inklings of which cropped up during the first trial. The jury, after thirty hours' deliberation, failed to arrive at a conclusion and a discharged last Thursday afternoon.

IN AND OUT. **ATTORNEY SENTENCED.** Attorney Miner P. Goodrich was sentenced to two years in San Quentin prison for the same offense of forgery. He pleaded guilty to the forgery of a check for \$3, to which he had signed the name of E. R. Parmelee, clerk of the Superior court. His application for probation was denied when Capt. Dadds introduced information to the effect that the attorney had embezzled an aggregate of \$400 from a prominent local business man. It was also shown that Goodrich had appeared before the Board of Prisoners and agreed not to practice law in Los Angeles county if the association would drop disbarment proceedings against him.

WISE ESTATE. A petition for the probate of the will of Frank P. Wise, who was manager of the Bryson apartments, was filed by the widow, Mrs. Lucile Wise, yesterday. The estate is valued at \$20,000. Included is a half-interest in the lease of the Bryson and \$4000 cash. The sole heirs are Mrs. Wise and her daughter, Catherine E. Wise. Mr. Wise died March 23, last.

DAMAGE SUIT. Alleging that the Pacific Electric was negligent in permitting debris to collect at its bridge over the San Gabriel River, thus disfiguring the view, and injuring the soil of their ranches, John Y. Oldham and William Flood, yesterday, brought suit for \$60,000 damages. It was stated that a channel was washed through the middle of the ranch.

FATHER SUES SON. Frank Bigsby, 70 years old, filed suit against his son, F. V. Bigsby, yesterday asking for an increase in his monthly allowance from \$25 to \$100 a month. He alleges his son has property worth \$30,000, and an income of \$400 a month. He is the too old to work and owes nothing but the clothes upon his back. Mr. Bigsby says he needs money to pay the fees of a physician to attend him. F. V. Bigsby said last night that the allegation he owes considerable property is absolutely wrong and his salary is only about \$100 a month. He pays his father \$25 a month, and cannot pay any more, he adds.

INCORPORATIONS. The Shedd Land and Cattle Company, Incorporated, Bertram J. Snedden, Anna S. Snedden and Agnes M. Snedden; capital stock \$5000; subscribed \$5000. Pasadena Horticultural Association, Incorporated, William T. Shield, Charles G. Forestry, George F. Nielsen, Jr., William H. Thomas, J. Shann, George H. Kennedy and William Davidson; capital stock, \$20,000; subscribed, \$70. The Wiltona Realty Company, Incorporated, Brahmus Wilson, Flora H. Wilson and W. I. Hollingsworth; capital stock, \$25,000; subscribed, \$3. Japanese Labor Association, Incorporated, T. Ibusaki, P. S. Ishihata, S. Yokoyama, N. Kashinohara and P. Horikio. The Geographical Film Company, Incorporated, C. B. Caldwell, E. B. Caldwell, M. Hodgkins, R. Hodgkins and L. D. Mills; capital stock, \$25,000; subscribed, \$5.

The Best Cough Medicine. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the largest selling cough medicine in the world today because it does exactly what cough medicine is supposed to do. It stops coughs and colds speedily and effectually. Obtainable everywhere.—Advertisement.

Save Money! You save one hundred per cent on the cost of everything you wear if you use one of these splendid dress-forms. You will thoroughly enjoy economizing in this way and avoid the irksome bore of sitting yourself alone. Drapes, fit and finish everything with out once trying on yourself uncomfortable "New Form" are exact reproductions of the like you. Colored, but when closed will save on the making of a gown enough to buy a new dress. NATURE FORM COMPANY.

Newcomers desiring good laundry work at reasonable prices, try Excelsior Laundry, 3659. 30 years in business. **Schools and Colleges.** **HOLLMAN Business College.** A school of merit and refinement. 101 S. Figueroa. Edwy. 5581; 5480.

MOTORISTS IGNORE
CROSSING SIGNALS.RAILROAD'S TESTS SHOW MANY
TAKE LONG CHANCES.

Following Order of Commission, Pacific Electric Checks Conditions and Finds Scores of Autos Traversing Tracks When Wigs are Working and Trains Approaching.

Following the order of the State Railroad Commission in its recent grade-crossing hearing in Los Angeles, the Pacific Electric is now engaged in checking conditions at the various crossings on its lines in Southern California.

These checks are preparatory to hearings to be held at Los Angeles, San Bernardino and Santa Ana, where conditions covering Los Angeles county, San Bernardino county, Riverside county and Orange county will be carefully considered, and where orders will be issued by the commission covering the safety of each crossing investigated.

Of six important crossings already investigated where automatic danger signals are now in operation, test showed that 135 automobiles ran the crossings in spite of the fact that the danger signal wigs were in motion, and warnings of the approach of cars were given. The test showed that:

At La Benda crossing fifteen automobiles crossed the tracks March 24 between 9:30 and 10:30 a.m., and between 2 and 4 p.m., without paying attention to the automatic danger signal, which showed the approach of trains.

In the same way twenty-nine automobiles ran the Florence-avenue crossing between 10:45 a.m. and 11:45 a.m., and between 2:50 p.m. and 3:50 p.m., without paying attention to the automatic danger signal, which showed the approach of trains.

March 28 twenty automobiles ran the crossing in face of danger signals in six hours. At Universal City crossing thirty-one automobiles did the same thing March 29. At La Cresta crossing nine automobile drivers were guilty of the same carelessness within the same length of time and at Cranshaw boulevard thirty-one drivers crossed without paying attention to danger signals, in six hours, on March 31.

The order of the commission for these tests says: "The commission expects to take an active part in the important work, and it hopes the investigation it is about to undertake will have the effect of (1) making all crossings safe for the careful driver, (2) of educating the careless driver to the dangers he incurs at crossings, and (3) of affording all possible safeguards at crossings for the large majority of drivers who are neither careful nor reckless."

MARSHAL'S EXPENDITURES. The quarterly report of United States Marshal Walton, for the period closing March 31 issued yesterday, shows expenditures of \$24,046.09 about \$2000 more than for the previous quarter. The items covering the expenditures were as follows: Salaries, fees, etc., \$6821.68; jurors, \$4219.90; witnesses, \$1078.30; keeping prisoners, \$1522.92; pay of bailiffs, \$1724.92; printing, \$4619.52; pay of District Attorneys, \$2621.94; pay of Assistant District Attorneys, \$1625; pay of district judges, \$3000; pay of circuit judge, \$1750.

Satisfaction Comes Home In the Market Basket Your satisfaction and enjoyment of Newmark's Pure High Grade Coffee is assured by the care and competence exercised in its original selection and by its scientific roasting and perfect blending.

NEWMARK BROS. Los Angeles. Steel cut Chaffies

Rich Aromatic Delicious and It Never Varies **NEWMARK'S PURE HIGH GRADE COFFEE** (154)

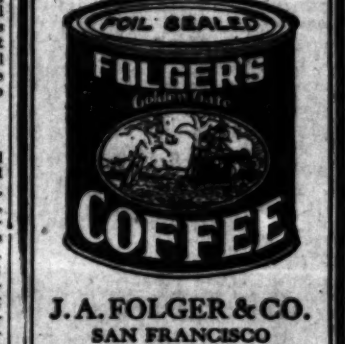
Schools and Colleges. **URBAN** Day and Boarding—Young Boys—Military—A master for every 10 boys. Every boy recites every lesson every day. Open all year. 800 So. Alvarado. 5347.

WINS MINERAL CLAIMS. Entries on Railroad Grant Sustained by General Land Office. The decision of the local Land Office in favor of Leo Kroonen, in his contest against the Southern Pacific Company, over 165 acres of valuable mineral land in the vicinity of Corona, has been confirmed by the General Land Office. The land was a part of the original grant to the Southern Pacific, but Kroonen made a mineral entry, and brought an action against the corporation, alleging the land was within the exceptions of the act under which the grant was made. It was shown that the land was extremely valuable for clay for the manufacture of brick, drain tile, sewer pipe and conduta, and that it was in no sense agricultural land. The claims involved are the Big Four, White Clay, Kroonen and Black Chief.

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You liked it—you are going to buy it again Your grocer has a new lot fresh from the roaster

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GIRLS' COLLEGIATE SCHOOL ADAMS AND HOOPER STREETS. TWENTY-THIRD YEAR. Accredited University of California. Classes: Stanford, Smith, Wellesley, Cornell, etc. Eight Grade, High School, Post-Graduate. Technical courses in Business, Cooking, Sewing, Applied Arts, Standardized Tests. New building for resident pupils. Miss Parsons and Miss Benson, Principals.

Real Estate Directory. **Free Harbor Excursions** Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, leaving our office 10 a.m. Sharp. F. P. NEWPORT COMPANY, 206 Central Building, S. W. Cor. 6th and Main Sts.

Established 1881
Lamburger's
BROADWAY EIGHTH AND HILL STREETS
Pure Food Show and Free Cooking School Now in Progress
Under the direction of the well-known Chef, A. L. Wyman.

This Week, Every Day From 2 to 4 o'clock
—Who will lecture on practical cookery and answer any question on the proper way to serve menus, from the simple breakfast to the elaborate dinner.
Today's Menu by Chef Wyman
—Cold Cake, Coconut Mocha Frosting
—Curry of Chicken, Curzon
—Lemon Cream Pie (new)
—Macaroni, Biltmore
—Grape Fruit a la Russe
Banquet Room—Fourth Floor
Admission Free—2 to 4 p.m.

Exhibit and Demonstration Pure Food Products
Mrs. Young's Famous Walnut Sauce
Mission Baking Powder
Sunset Grape Fruit
Mt. Vernon Milk
Wilson's Original Jelly
Heinz 57 Varieties
Angel City Cheese
Globe Mills Products
Ben Hur Quality Products
Del Monte Canned Goods
Swastika Brand Cakes
Oystero and Steero Cakes
Cell-Well
Hyro-Pura
Food's Chile Con Carne
(Grocery Dept.—Fourth Floor)

Why Life Insurance?
The reason for Life Insurance is based upon a desire to provide wife or other dependent ones with the necessities and comforts of life by giving them an income.
Your insurance money safely invested and judiciously managed will yield such an income. But lavishly spent or invested in securities of questionable value it will quickly vanish, leaving your dependent ones much wiser but at fearful cost.
If you will name the Citizens Trust and Savings Bank as Beneficiary under your policy, we will hold and invest your insurance money for the benefit of your wife or others, thus guaranteeing them an income for life.
You are cordially invited to consult our officers regarding our new plan.

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Owned by the Stockholders of the CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK
Broadway at Third.

The SAN FRANCISCO EXAMINER, the most successful Hearst newspaper, in its issue of Sunday, March 5th, gave its readers and advertisers capital advice in the following words:

"When in doubt as to which of the mediums to use, choose the one with the greater amount of classified advertising."
"The small and mighty want ad," dominating numbers, is the best associate for the advertiser who would be successful."

THE LOS ANGELES TIMES prints more "Want Ads" than all other local newspapers combined; and, having used in Los Angeles for many years the same argument employed by its San Francisco contemporary, it welcomes this approval of its judgment in the matter.

WEDNESDAY MORNING
The Great War
NIGHT LIFE
SUPER
German Front
Verdun
Cruel Execution is W
the French Cannon
Oncoming Hor
Netherlands Mobilize
to be Directed Sol
Alone at Kais
BY ARTHUR S. DR
THE ATLANTIC CABLE AND DIVER
CLIMBING DISAPPEAR
LONDON, April 4.—A
undiminished violence
German assault, the
model today in consoli
dately extending their
Gallie wood, near Vaux
regiment fresh drives so
Villes of Douaumont.
As in all previous assau
ready threshold of Verdun
attack was characteri
promis desperation. All
tempta to take this blood
now literally pounde
solid to shake the nerve o
thine. It was as though
the Nietzschean supermen
saw the ridge by sheer
will.
And as the "successive
daring troops came for
French guns, posted on th
lined, wrought the same
come as before. So ter